

*A Brighter Solution*

# AMP DISPLAY INC.

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## SPECIFICATIONS

### 10.4-IN SVGA COLOR TFT MODULE W/ TOUCH

CUSTOMER:	
CUSTOMER PART NO.	
AMP DISPLAY PART NO.	AM-800600LTNQW-TB0H
APPROVED BY:	
DATE:	

☐

APPROVED FOR SPECIFICATIONS

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APPROVED FOR SPECIFICATION AND PROTOTYPES

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## AMP DISPLAY INC

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## RECORD OF REVISION

Revision Date	Page	Contents	Editor
2009/08/25	-	New Release	John

## 1. INSTRUCTION

Ampire 10.4" Display Module is a color active matrix TFT-LCD that uses amorphous silicon TFT as a switching device . This model is composed of a TFT-LCD panel ,LED Backlight and Touch Panel. This TFT-LCD has a high resolution (800(R.G.B) X 600) and can display up to 262,144 colors.

### 1.1 Features

- (1) Construction : a-Si TFT-LCD with driving system, White LED Backlight.
- (2) LCD type : Transmissive , Normally White
- (3) Number of the Colors : 262K colors (R,G,B 6 bit digital each)
- (4) RGB Interface.
- (5) LCD Power Supply Voltage : 3.3V
- (6) Build-in LED Driver IC (VLED=3.3V~5V).

## 2. PHYSICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Item	Specifications	unit
Display resolution(dot)	800RGB (W) x 600(H)	dots
Active area	215.0 (W) x 158.4(H)	mm
Pixel pitch	264 (W) x 264 (H)	um
Color configuration	R.G.B -stripe	
Overall dimension	236.0(W)x176.9(H)x12.66(D)	mm
Brightness	320nit	cd/m <sup>2</sup>
Contrast ratio	300	
Backlight unit	LED	
Display color	262,144	colors

### 3. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit
Power Voltage	VCC	-0.3	6	V
	VLED	-0.3	6	V
Temperature Range	Operation	-5	60	°C
	Storage	-30	70	°C

(1). All of the voltages listed above are with respect to GND =0V

(2). Device is subject to be damaged permanently if stresses beyond those absolute maximum ratings listed above.

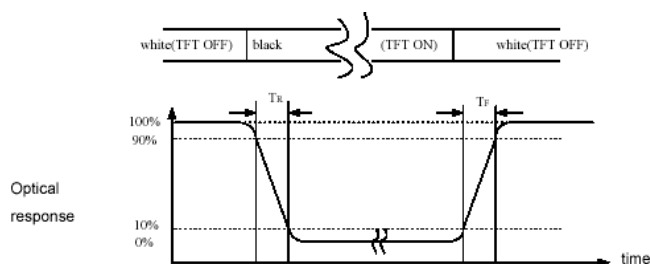
### 4. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Item		Symbol	Conditon	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
Response Time		T <sub>r</sub> + T <sub>f</sub>	Θ= Φ=0°	-	25	40	ms	(1)
Contrast ratio		CR		300	400	-	-	(2)(3)
Viewing Angle	Vertical	ΘT	CR≥ 10	35	45	-	Deg.	(5)
		ΘB		55	65	-		
	Horizontal	ΘL		55	65	-		
		ΘR		55	65	-		
Luminance		L	Θ= Φ=0°	200	320	-	cd/m <sup>2</sup>	(3)(4)
Luminance Uniformity		ΔL		-	80	-	%	(3)(4)
Color chromaticity	Red	Rx		0.550	0.600	0.650	-	
		Ry		0.296	0.364	0.416		
	Green	Gx		0.283	0.333	0.383	-	
		Gy		0.516	0.566	0.616		
	Blue	Bx		0.092	0.142	0.192	-	
		By		0.065	0.115	0.165		
	White	Wx		0.259	0.309	0.359	-	
		Wy		0.284	0.334	0.384		

NOTE :

- These items are measured by BM-5A(TOPCON) or CA-1000(MINOLTA) in the dark room (no ambient light)

(1) Definition of Response Time (White-Black)



(2) Definition of Contrast Ratio

Measure contrast ratio on the below 5 points(refer to figure1,#1~#5point) and take the average value

Contrast ratio is calculated with the following formula :

$$\text{Contrast Ratio(CR)} = (\text{White})\text{Luminance of ON} \div (\text{Black})\text{Luminance of OFF}$$

(3) Definition of Luminance:

Measure the luminance of white state at center point.

(4) Definition of Luminance Uniformity :

Measured Maximum luminance [L(MAX)] and Minimum luminance[L(MIN)] on the 5 points

Luminance Uniformity is calculated with the following formula:

$$\Delta L = [ L(\text{MIN}) / L(\text{MAX}) ] \times 100\%$$

(5) Definition of Viewing Angle

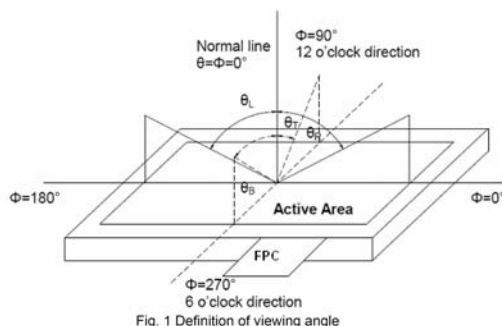
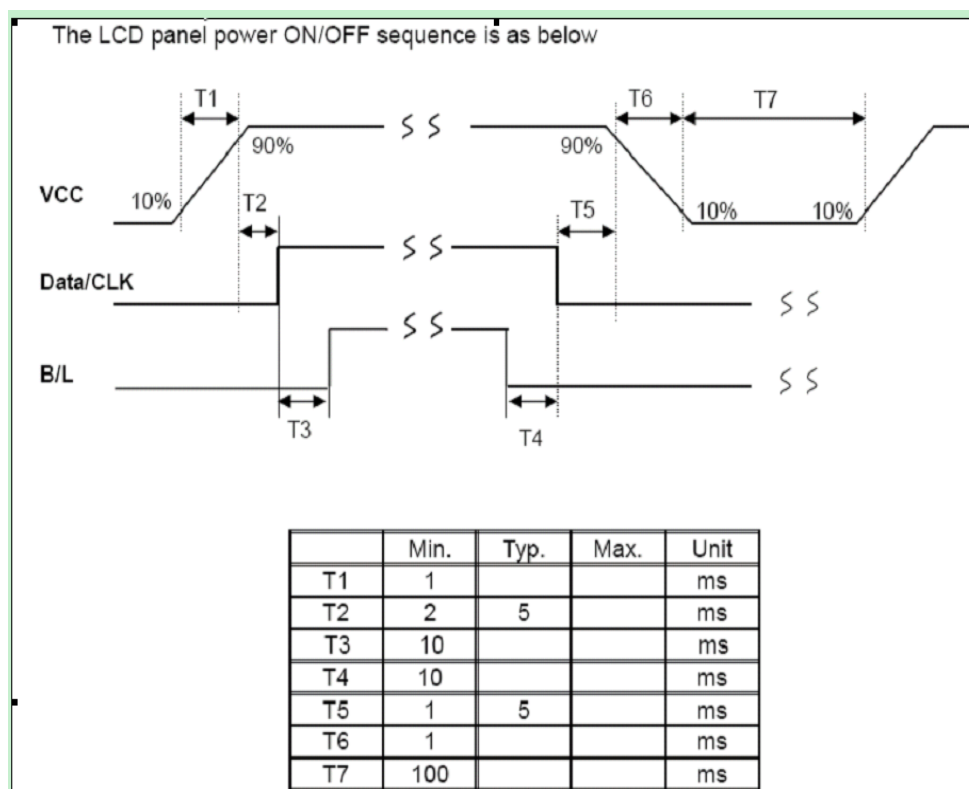


Fig. 1 Definition of viewing angle

## 5. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

### 5.1 TFT LCD Module voltage

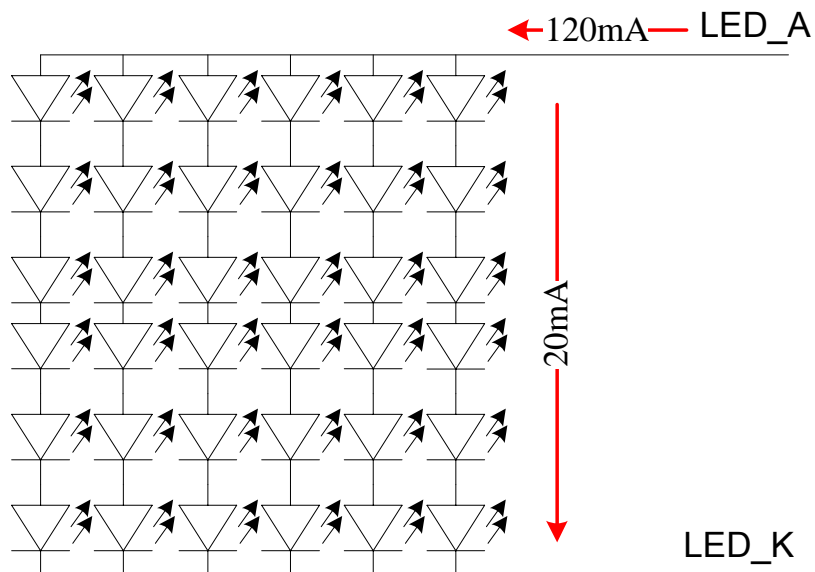
ITEM	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	NOTE
Power Voltage For LCD	$V_{CC}$	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	
Digital Supply current Consumption	$I_{V_{CC}}$		320		mA	Black Pattern
Logic Input Voltage	$V_{IH}$	$V_{CC} \times 0.7$	--	$V_{CC}$	V	
	$V_{IL}$	0	--	$V_{CC} \times 0.3$	V	



### 5.2 Backlight Driving Circuit

ITEM	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	NOTE
LED Driver Power Voltage	$V_{LED}$	3.3	--	5V	V	Note1
LED Current	$I_{LED}$	--	120	--	mA	
LED life time		20000	--	-	Hr	Note2

Note 1 : There are 6 Groups LED shown as below ,  $V_{\text{LEDA-LEDK}}=19.2\text{V}$



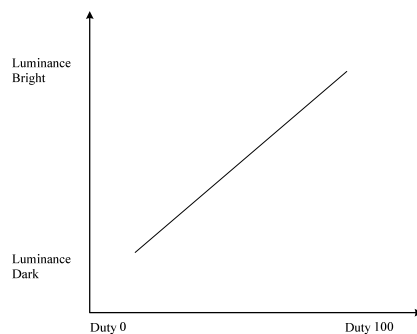
Note2 : Condition:  $T_a=25^{\circ}\text{C}$  , continuous lighting

Life time is estimated data.

Definitions of failure:

1. LCM brightness becomes half of the minimum value.
2. LED doesn't light normally.

### 5.3 PWM Dimming Control



#### 5-4 Touch Panel Electrical Specification

Parameter	Condition	Standard Value
Terminal Resistance	X Axis	200 ~ 1000 $\Omega$
	Y Axis	100 ~ 800 $\Omega$
Insulating Resistance	DC 25 V	More than 10M $\Omega$
Linearity	--	$\pm 2.0$ %(initial value) $\pm 3.5$ %(after life & environment test)
Notes life by Pen	Note a	100,000 times(min)
Input life by finger	Note b	1,000,000 times (min)

##### **Note A .**

Notes area for pen notes life test is 10 x 9 mm.

Size of word is 7.5 x 6.75

Shape of pen end : R0.8

Load : 250 g

##### **Note B**

By Silicon rubber tapping at same point

Shape of rubber end : R8

Load : 200g

Frequency : 5 Hz



## 6. INTERFACE

### RGB INTERFACE CN:

Pin No.	Symbol	I/O	Description	Note
1	VLED	P	Voltage for LED circuit (5.0V)	
2	VLED	P	Voltage for LED circuit (5.0V)	
3	ADJ	I	Adjust the LED brightness by PWM	
4	GLED	P	Ground for LED circuit	
5	GLED	P	Ground for LED circuit	
6	VCC	P	Power supply for digital circuit (3.3V)	
7	VCC	P	Power supply for digital circuit (3.3V)	
8	MODE	I	DE or SYNC mode control H:DE Mode L:SYNC Mode	
9	DE	I	Data enable	
10	VSYNC	I	VSYNC signal input	
11	HSYNC	I	HSYNC signal input	
12	GND	P	Power ground	
13	B5	I	Blue data input (MSB)	
14	B4	I	Blue data input	
15	B3	I	Blue data input	
16	GND	P	Power ground	
17	B2	I	Blue data input	
18	B1	I	Blue data input	
19	B0	I	Blue data input (LSB)	
20	GND	P	Power ground	
21	G5	I	Green data input (MSB)	
22	G4	I	Green data input	
23	G3	I	Green data input	
24	GND	P	Power ground	
25	G2	I	Green data input	
26	G1	I	Green data input	
27	G0	I	Green data input (LSB)	
28	GND	P	Power ground	
29	R5	I	Red data input (MSB)	
30	R4	I	Red data input	
31	R3	I	Red data input	
32	GND	P	Power ground	
33	R2	I	Red data input	
34	R1	I	Red data input	
35	R0	I	Red data input (LSB)	
36	GND	P	Power ground	
37	DCLK	I	Sample clock	
38	GND	P	Power ground	
39	NC	-	Keep float	
40	NC	-	Keep float	

## 7. AC Timing characteristic

### 7-1 Timing Specification.

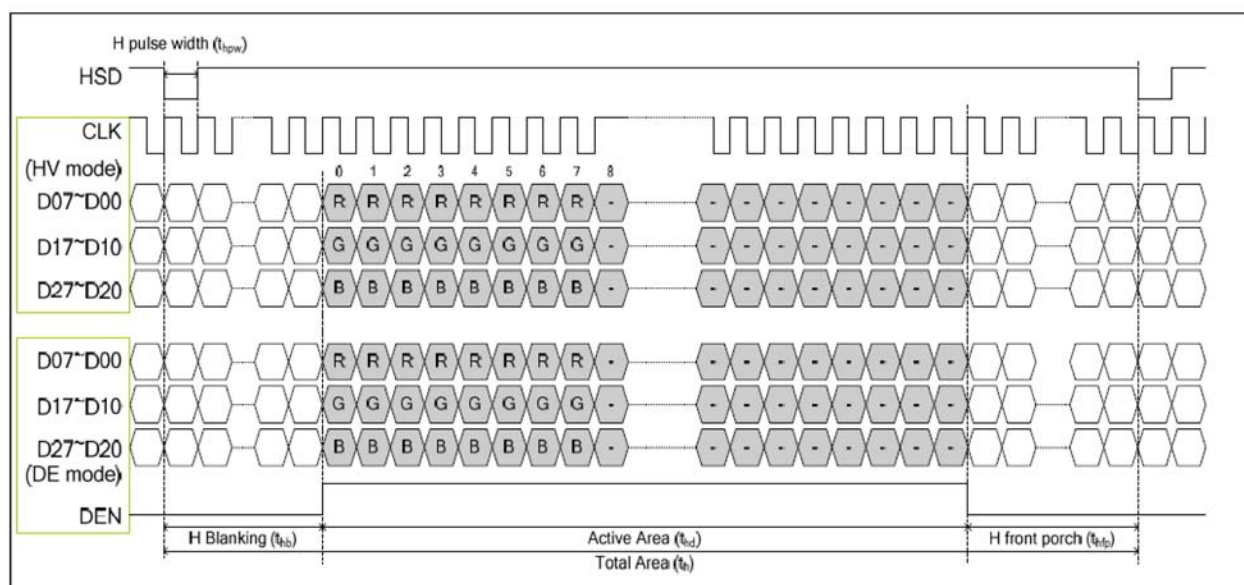
- Horizontal Timing

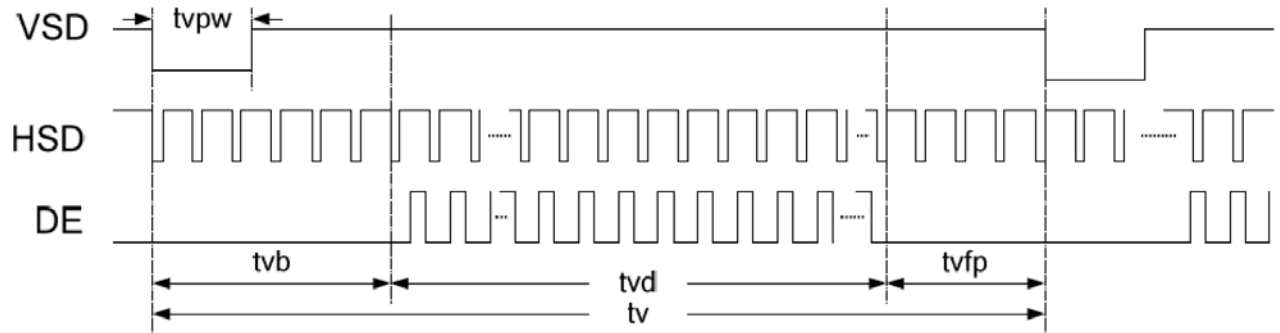
Parameter	Symbol	Spec			Unit
		Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Horizontal Display Area	thd	800			CLK
CLK Frequency	fclk	35	40	45	MHz
One Horizontal Line	th	880	1056	1190	CLK
HS Pulse Width	thpw	5	-	35	CLK
HS Back Porch	thb	46			CLK
HS Front Porch	thfp	25	210	310	CLK

- Vertical Timing

Parameter	Symbol	Spec			Unit
		Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Vertical Display Area	tvd	600			th
VS Period Time	tv	627	635	680	th
VS Pulse Width	tvpw	2	-	15	th
VS Back Porch	tvb	23	23	23	th
VS Front Porch	tvfp	2	2	42	th

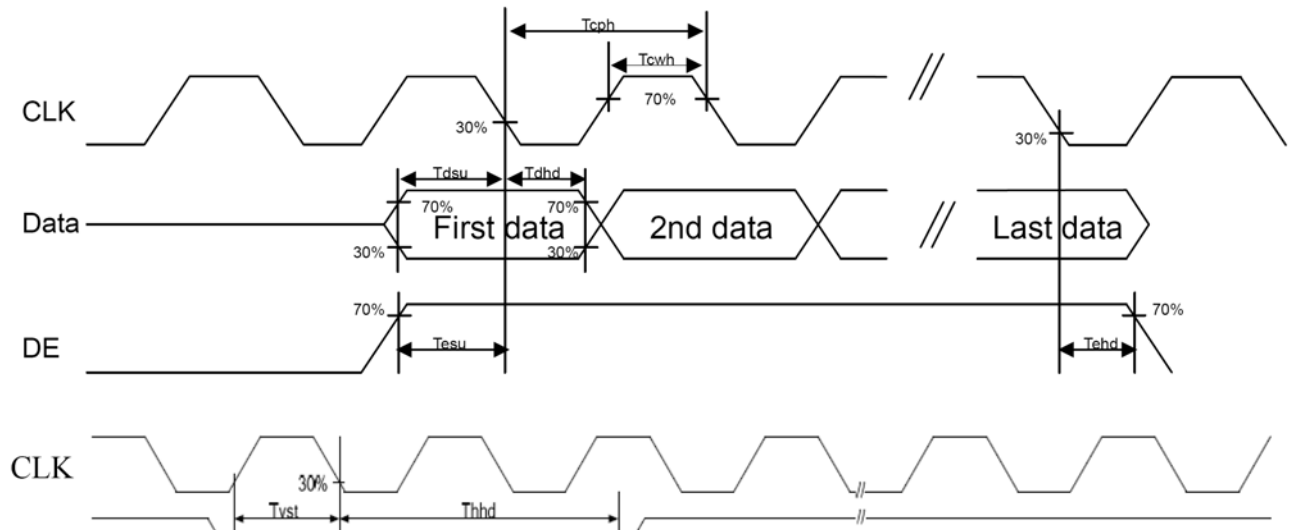
**Note: CHE suggest using frame rate 60Hz to have better performance**





## 7.2 AC Electrical characteristic

Parameter	Symbol	Spec			Unit
		Min.	Typ.	Max.	
HSD Setup Time	$T_{hst}$	10			ns
HSD Hold Time	$T_{hhd}$	10			ns
VSD Setup Time	$T_{vst}$	10			ns
VSD Hold Time	$T_{vhd}$	10			ns
Data Setup Time	$T_{dsu}$	10			ns
Data Hold Time	$T_{dhd}$	10			ns
DE Setup Time	$T_{esu}$	10			ns
DE Hold Time	$T_{ehd}$	10			ns
CLK Cycle Time	$T_{cph}$	23			ns
CLK Pulse Duty	$T_{cwh}$	40	50	60	%



## 8. QUALITY AND RELIABILITY

### 8.1 TEST CONDITIONS

Tests should be conducted under the following conditions :

Ambient temperature :  $25 \pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$

Humidity :  $60 \pm 25\% \text{ RH}$ .

### 8.2 SAMPLING PLAN

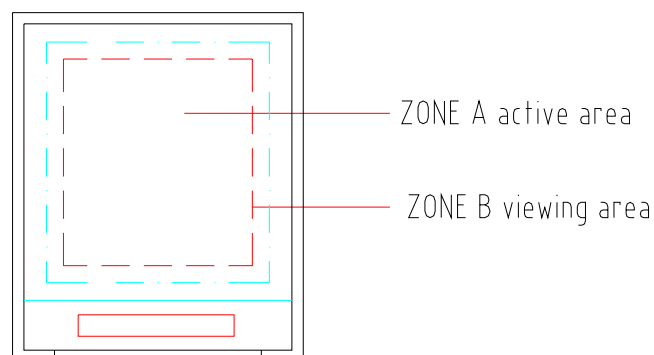
Sampling method shall be in accordance with MIL-STD-105E , level II, normal single sampling plan .

### 8.3 ACCEPTABLE QUALITY LEVEL

A major defect is defined as one that could cause failure to or materially reduce the usability of the unit for its intended purpose. A minor defect is one that does not materially reduce the usability of the unit for its intended purpose or is an infringement from established standards and has no significant bearing on its effective use or operation.

### 8.4 APPEARANCE

An appearance test should be conducted by human sight at approximately 30 cm distance from the LCD module under florescent light. The inspection area of LCD panel shall be within the range of following limits.



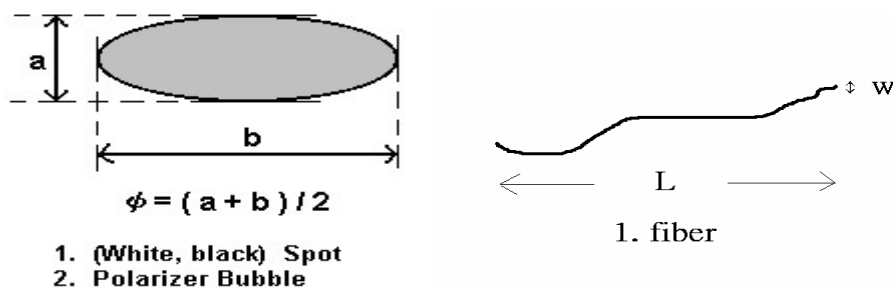
## 8.5 INCOMING INSPECTION STANDARD FOR TFT-LCD PANEL

DEFECT TYPE			LIMIT				Note		
VISUAL DEFECT	INTERNAL	SPOT	$\varphi < 0.15\text{mm}$		Ignore		Note1		
			$0.15\text{mm} \leq \varphi \leq 0.5\text{mm}$		$N \leq 4$				
			$0.5\text{mm} < \varphi$		$N = 0$				
		FIBER	$0.03\text{mm} < W \leq 0.1\text{mm}, L \leq 5\text{mm}$		$N \leq 3$		Note1		
			$1.0\text{mm} < W, 1.5\text{mm} < L$		$N = 0$				
		POLARIZER BUBBLE	$\varphi < 0.15\text{mm}$		Ignore		Note1		
			$0.15\text{mm} \leq \varphi \leq 0.5\text{mm}$		$N \leq 2$				
			$0.5\text{mm} < \varphi$		$N = 0$				
		Mura	It' OK if mura is slight visible through 6%ND filter						
ELECTRICAL DEFECT	BRIGHT DOT		A Grade			B Grade			
			C Area	O Area	Total	C Area	O Area	Total	Note3
			$N \leq 0$	$N \leq 2$	$N \leq 2$	$N \leq 2$	$N \leq 3$	$N \leq 5$	Note2
	DARK DOT		$N \leq 2$	$N \leq 3$	$N \leq 3$	$N \leq 3$	$N \leq 5$	$N \leq 8$	
	TOTAL DOT		$N \leq 4$			$N \leq 5$	$N \leq 6$	$N \leq 8$	Note2
	TWO ADJACENT DOT		$N \leq 0$	$N \leq 1$ pair	$N \leq 1$ pair	$N \leq 1$ pair	$N \leq 1$ pair	$N \leq 1$ pair	Note4
	THREE OR MORE ADJACENT DOT		NOT ALLOWED						
	LINE DEFECT		NOT ALLOWED						

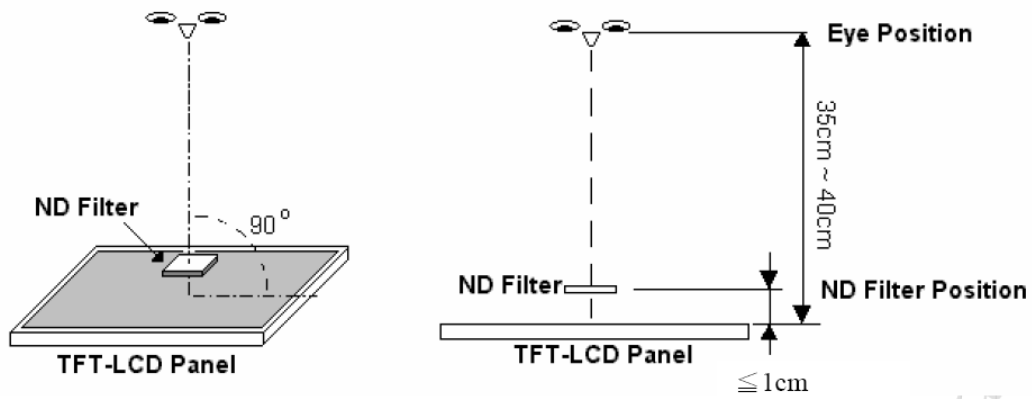
(1) One pixel consists of 3 sub-pixels, including R,G, and B dot.(Sub-pixel = Dot)

(2) LITTLE BRIGHT DOT ACCEPTABLE UNDER 6 % ND-Filter

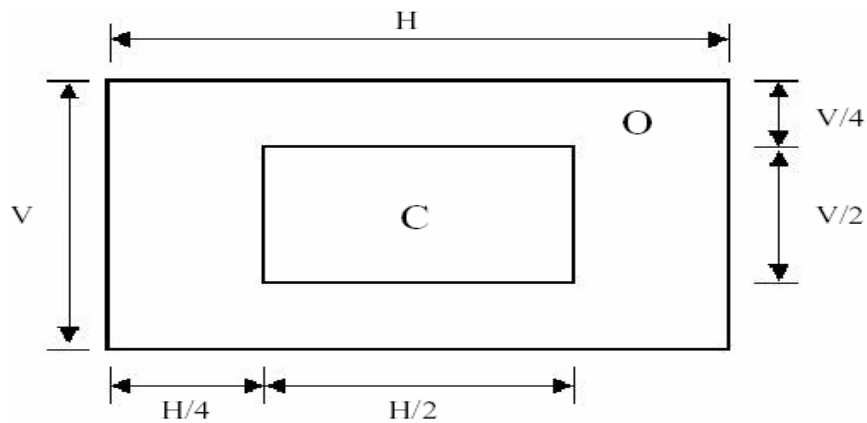
[Note1] W : Width[mm], L : Length[mm], N : Number,  $\varphi$  : Average Diameter



[Note2] Bright dot is defined through 6% transmission ND Filter as following.



[Note3]

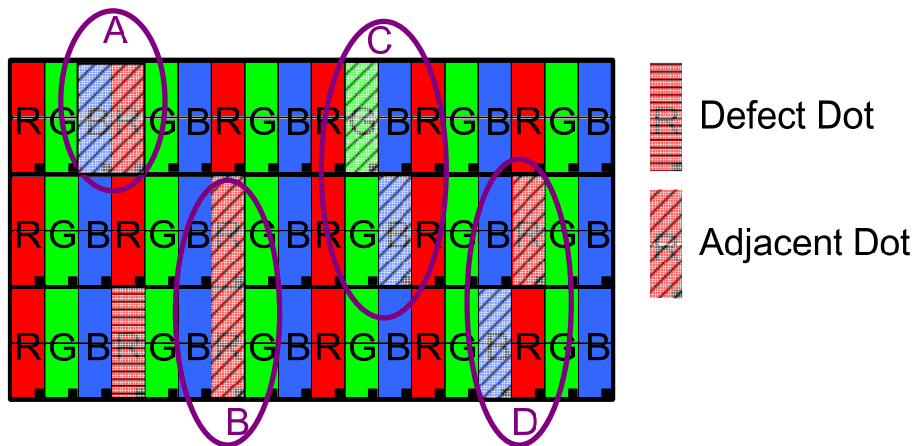


**C Area: Center of display area**

**O Area: Outer of display area**

[Note4]

Judge defect dot and adjacent dot as following. Allow below (as A, B, C and D status) adjacent defect dots, including bright and dark adjacent dot. And they will be counted 2 defect dots in total quantity.



- (1) The defects that are not defined above and considered to be problem shall be reviewed and discussed by both parties.
- (2) Defects on the Black Matrix, out of Display area, are not considered as a defect or counted.

## 8.6 Reliability Test

Test Item	Test Conditions	Note
High Temperature Operation	60±3°C , t=96 hrs	
Low Temperature Operation	-5±3°C , t=96 hrs	
High Temperature Storage	70±3°C , t=96 hrs	1,2
Low Temperature Storage	-30±3°C , t=96 hrs	1,2
Thermal Shock Test	-20°C ~ 25°C ~ 65°C 30 min. 5 min. 30 min. ( 1 cycle ) Total 5 cycle	1,2
Humidity Test	40 °C, Humidity 90%, 96 hrs	1,2
Vibration Test (Packing)	Sweep frequency : 10 ~ 55 ~ 10 Hz/1min Amplitude : 0.75mm Test direction : X.Y.Z/3 axis Duration : 30min/each axis	2

Note 1 : Condensation of water is not permitted on the module.

Note 2 : The module should be inspected after 1 hour storage in normal conditions  
(15-35°C , 45-65%RH).

Definitions of life end point :

- Current drain should be smaller than the specific value.
- Function of the module should be maintained.
- Appearance and display quality should not have degraded noticeably.
- Contrast ratio should be greater than 50% of the initial value.

## **9. USE PRECAUTIONS**

### **9.1 Handling precautions**

- 1) The polarizing plate may break easily so be careful when handling it. Do not touch, press or rub it with a hard-material tool like tweezers.
- 2) Do not touch the polarizing plate surface with bare hands so as not to make it dirty. If the surface or other related part of the polarizing plate is dirty, soak a soft cotton cloth or chamois leather in benzine and wipe off with it. Do not use chemical liquids such as acetone, toluene and isopropyl alcohol. Failure to do so may bring chemical reaction phenomena and deteriorations.
- 3) Remove any spit or water immediately. If it is left for hours, the suffered part may deform or decolorize.
- 4) If the LCD element breaks and any LC stuff leaks, do not suck or lick it. Also if LC stuff is stuck on your skin or clothing, wash thoroughly with soap and water immediately.

### **9.2 Installing precautions**

- 1) The PCB has many ICs that may be damaged easily by static electricity. To prevent breaking by static electricity from the human body and clothing, earth the human body properly using the high resistance and discharge static electricity during the operation. In this case, however, the resistance value should be approx.  $1\text{M}\Omega$  and the resistance should be placed near the human body rather than the ground surface. When the indoor space is dry, static electricity may occur easily so be careful. We recommend the indoor space should be kept with humidity of 60% or more. When a soldering iron or other similar tool is used for assembly, be sure to earth it.
- 2) When installing the module and ICs, do not bend or twist them. Failure to do so may crack LC element and cause circuit failure.
- 3) To protect LC element, especially polarizing plate, use a transparent protective plate (e.g., acrylic plate, glass etc) for the product case.
- 4) Do not use an adhesive like a both-side adhesive tape to make LCD surface (polarizing plate) and product case stick together. Failure to do so may cause the polarizing plate to peel off.

### **9.3 Storage precautions**

- 1) Avoid a high temperature and humidity area. Keep the temperature between  $0^{\circ}\text{C}$  and  $35^{\circ}\text{C}$  and also the humidity under 60%.
- 2) Choose the dark spaces where the product is not exposed to direct sunlight or fluorescent light.
- 3) Store the products as they are put in the boxes provided from us or in the same conditions as we recommend.



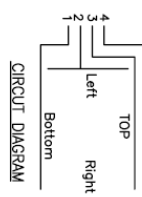
## 9.4 Operating precautions

- 1) Do not boost the applied drive voltage abnormally. Failure to do so may break ICs. When applying power voltage, check the electrical features beforehand and be careful. Always turn off the power to the LC module controller before removing or inserting the LC module input connector. If the input connector is removed or inserted while the power is turned on, the LC module internal circuit may break.
- 2) The display response may be late if the operating temperature is under the normal standard, and the display may be out of order if it is above the normal standard. But this is not a failure; this will be restored if it is within the normal standard.
- 3) The LCD contrast varies depending on the visual angle, ambient temperature, power voltage etc. Obtain the optimum contrast by adjusting the LC drive voltage.
- 4) When carrying out the test, do not take the module out of the low-temperature space suddenly. Failure to do so will cause the module condensing, leading to malfunctions.
- 5) Make certain that each signal noise level is within the standard (L level:  $0.2V_{dd}$  or less and H level:  $0.8V_{dd}$  or more) even if the module has functioned properly. If it is beyond the standard, the module may often malfunction. In addition, always connect the module when making noise level measurements.
- 6) The CMOS ICs are incorporated in the module and the pull-up and pull-down function is not adopted for the input so avoid putting the input signal open while the power is ON.
- 7) The characteristic of the semiconductor element changes when it is exposed to light emissions, therefore ICs on the LCD may malfunction if they receive light emissions. To prevent these malfunctions, design and assemble ICs so that they are shielded from light emissions.
- 8) Crosstalk occurs because of characteristics of the LCD. In general, crosstalk occurs when the regularized display is maintained. Also, crosstalk is affected by the LC drive voltage. Design the contents of the display, considering crosstalk.

## 9.5 Other

- 1) Do not disassemble or take the LC module into pieces. The LC modules once disassembled or taken into pieces are not the guarantee articles.
- 2) The residual image may exist if the same display pattern is shown for hours. This residual image, however, disappears when another display pattern is shown or the drive is interrupted and left for a while. But this is not a problem on reliability.
- 3) AMIPRE will provide one year warranty for all products and three months warrantee for all repairing products.

## 10. OUTLINE DIMENSION

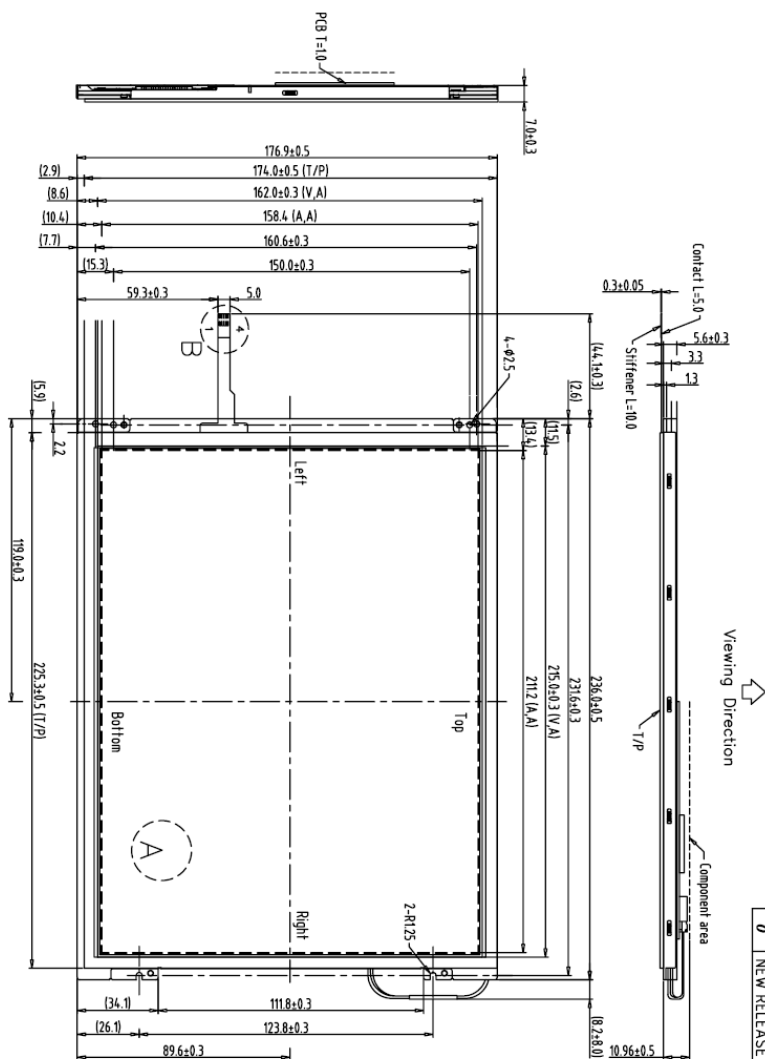


1	Bottom
2	Left
3	Top
4	Right

1	VLED	21	G5
2	VLED	22	G4
3	ADJ	23	G3
4	GLED	24	GND
5	GLED	25	G2
6	VCC	26	G1
7	VCC	27	G0
8	MODE	28	GND
9	DE	29	R5
10	VS	30	R4
11	HS	31	R3
12	GND	32	GND
13	B5	33	R2
14	B4	34	R1
15	B3	35	R0
16	GND	36	GND
17	B2	37	DCLK
18	B1	38	GND
19	B0	39	L/R
20	GND	40	U/D

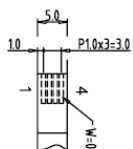
Note:

1. Unless indicated, Tolerance Grade "B" is adopted.
2. UV Glue For OLB Protection.



REV	REVISION RECORD	DATE	NAME
0	NEW RELEASE	07-24-09	EMILY

A Block

B Block[illegible]

**CIRCUIT DIAGRAM**

The diagram shows a 4-to-1 multiplexer with four input lines labeled 1, 2, 3, and 4. The output is labeled 'TOP'. The inputs are labeled 'Left' and 'Right'.

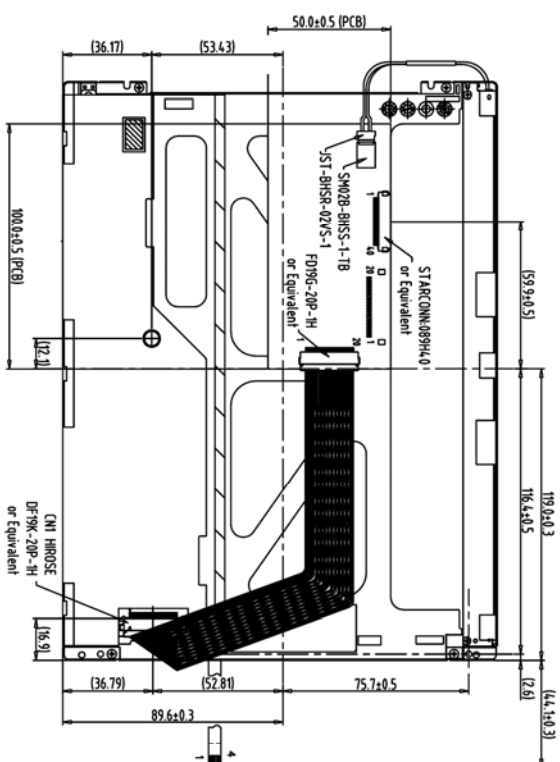
CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

1	Bottom
2	Left
3	Top
4	Right

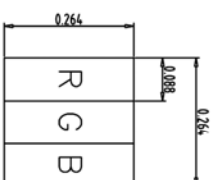
1	VLED	21	G5
2	VLED	22	G4
3	ADJ	23	G3
4	GLED	24	GND
5	GLED	25	G2
6	VCC	26	G1
7	VCC	27	G0
8	MODE	28	GND
9	DE	29	R5
10	VS	30	R4
11	HS	31	R3
12	GND	32	GND
13	B5	33	R2
14	B4	34	R1
15	B3	35	R0
16	GND	36	GND
17	B2	37	DCJK
18	B1	38	GND
19	B0	39	L/R
20	GND	40	U/D

Note:

1. Unless indicated, Tolerance Grade "B" is adopted.
2. UV Glue For OLB Protection.



Back View

A Block[illegible]

	
MMPiRE 晶采光電科技	
TITLE	
800600L-TB0	
(10.4" ML + T/P)	
DWG. NO.	SHEET 1 OF 1
*090760MA	