

AMP DISPLAY INC.

SPECIFICATIONS

%\$"(!B 7 C @C F TFT MODULE

CUSTOMER:	
CUSTOMER PART NO.	
AMP DISPLAY PART NO.	``5 A !, \$\$*\$\$@HB E K !H8 \$<``
APPROVED BY:	
DATE:	
	ROVED FOR SPECIFICATIONS ROVED FOR SPECIFICATION AND PROTOTYPES

AMP DISPLAY INC

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RECORD OF REVISION

Revision Date	Page	Contents	Editor
2009/11/27	-	New Release	Kokai

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1. INSTRUCTION

Ampire 10.4" Display Module is a color active matrix TFT-LCD that uses amorphous silicon TFT as a switching device. This model is composed of a TFT-LCD panel and LED Backlight. This TFT-LCD has a high resolution (800(R.G.B) X 600) and can display up to 262,144 colors.

1.1 Features

- (1) Construction: a-Si TFT-LCD with driving system, White LED Backlight, 4 Wire-Resister Touch Panel and LED Driver IC.
- (2) LCD type: Transmissive, Normally White
- (3) Number of the Colors: 262K colors (R,G,B 6 bit digital each)
- (4) LVDS Interface.
- (5) LCD Power Supply Voltage: 3.3V
- (6) Build-in LED Driver IC (VLED=3.3V~5V).

2. PHYSICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Item	Specifications	unit
Display resolution(dot)	800RGB (W) x 600(H)	dots
Active area	211.2 (W) x 158.4(H)	mm
Pixel pitch	264 (W) x 264 (H)	um
Color configuration	R.G.B -stripe	
Overall dimension	236.0(W)x176.9(H)x12.82(D)	mm
Weight	312	g
Brightness	300	cd/m ²
Backlight unit	LED	
Display color	262,144	colors

3. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit
Dower Voltage	VCC	-0.3	6	V
Power Voltage	VLED	-0.3	6	V
Tomporatura Danga	Operation	-20	70	$^{\circ}\!\mathbb{C}$
Temperature Range	Storage	-30	80	$^{\circ}\!\mathbb{C}$

- (1). All of the voltages listed above are with respective to GND =0V
- (2). Device is subject to be damaged permanently if stresses beyond those absolute maximum ratings listed above.

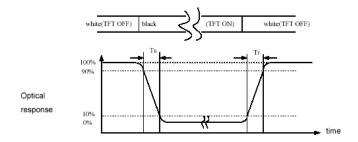
4. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

It	Item		Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
Response Time		T _r +T _f	Θ=Φ=0°	-	25	50	ms	(1)	
Contrast ratio		CR	$\Theta = \Psi = 0$	300	400	-	-	(2)(3)	
\ /i a i a a	\ /	/a.u4:.a.a.l	ΘТ		35	45	-		
Viewing Angle	V	ertical	ΘВ	CD > 40	55	65	-	Dan	(5)
	11-		ΘL	CR≧10	55	65	-	Deg.	(5)
	НО	rizontal	ΘR		55	65	-		
Luminance	Luminance		L		240	300	-	cd/m²	(3)
Luminance	e Uni	iformity	ΔL		-	80	-	%	(4)
		Red	Rx		0.550	0.600	0.650	_	
		Reu	Ry		0.296	0.364	0.396		
		Green	Gx	Θ=Φ=0°	0.283	0.333	0.383		
Charmatic	sitv	Green	Gy		0.516	0.566	0.616		
Chormatio	Jily	Dluc	Вх		0.092	0.142	0.192		
		Blue	Ву		0.065	0.115	0.165		
		\\/hitc	Wx		0.259	0.309	0.359		
		White	Wy		0.284	0.334	0.384		

NOTE:

• These items are measured by BM-5A(TOPCON) or CA-1000(MINOLTA) in the dark room (no ambient light) After 5 minutes operation, the optical properties are measured at the center point of the LCD screen.

(1) Definition of Response Time (White-Black)



(2) Definition of Contrast Ratio

Contrast ratio is calculated with the following formula:

Contrast Ratio(CR)=(White)Luminance of ON ÷ (Black)Luminance of OFF

(3) Definition of Luminance:

Measure the luminance of white state at center point.

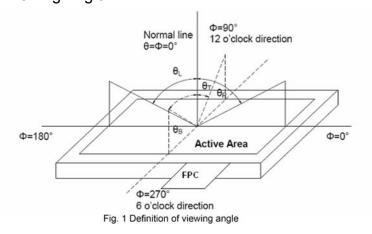
(4) Definition of Luminance Uniformity:

Measured Maximum luminance [L(MAX)] and Minimum luminance[L(MIN)] on the 9 points.

Luminance Uniformity is calculated with the following formula:

 $\Delta L = [L(MIN) / L(MAX)] X 100\%$

(5) Definition of Viewing Angle

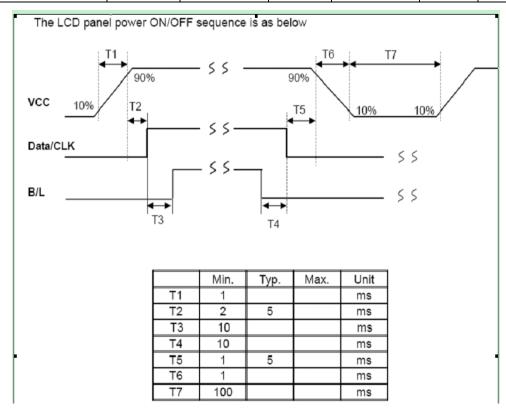


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5. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

5.1 TFT LCD Module voltage

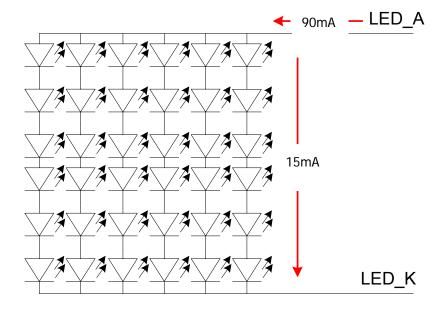
ITEM	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	NOTE
Power Voltage For LCD	V _{CC}	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	
Digital Supply current Consumption	IV _{CC}		290		mA	Black Pattern
Logio Input Voltago	VIH	VCC*0.7		VCC	V	
Logic Input Voltage	VIL	0		VCC*0.3	V	



5.2 Backlight Driving Circuit

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ITEM	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	NOTE		
LED Driver Power Voltage	VLED	3.3	5	5.5	V			
LED Current	ILED		90		mA	Note1		
LED Life Time(MTBF)		30K			Hr	Note2		
LED Driver Power Current	I _{LED} (VLED=5V)	ı	500		mA	Ta=25°C		

Note 1: There are 6 Groups LED shown as below, VLEDA-LEDK=19.2V, Ta=25°C



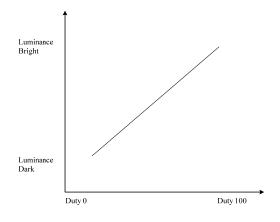
Note2: Condition: Ta=25°C, continuous lighting

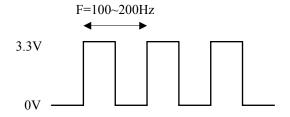
Life time is estimated data.

Definitions of failure:

- 1. LCM brightness becomes half of the minimum value.
- 2. LED doesn't light normally.

5.3 PWM Dimming Control





5.4 TOUCH PANEL ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATION

Parameter	Condition	Standard Value
Terminal Resistance	X Axis	200 ~ 1000 Ω
Terminal Resistance	Y Axis	100 ~ 800 Ω
Insulating Resistance	esistance DC 25 V More	
Linearity		±2.0 %
Notes life by Pen	Note a	100,000 times(min)
Input life by finger	Note b	1,000,000 times (min)

Note A.

Notes area for pen notes life test is $10 \times 9 \text{ mm}$.

Size of word is 7.5 x 6.75 Shape of pen end : R0.8

Load : 250 g

Note B

By Silicon rubber tapping at same point

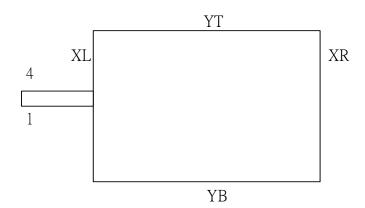
Shape of rubber end: R8

Load : 200g

Frequency: 5 Hz

Interface

No.	Symbol	Function
1	YB	Touch Panel Bottom Signal in Y Axis
2	XL	Touch Panel Left Signal in X Axis
3	YT	Touch Panel Top Signal in Y Axis
4	XR	Touch Panel Right Signal in X Axis



6. INTERFACE

LVDS INTERFACE CN1: HRS DF19K-20P 1H

Pin No.	Symbol	I/O	Description	Note
1	VDD	Р	Power supply for digital circuit (3.3V)	
2	VDD	Р	Power supply for digital circuit (3.3V)	
3	GND	Р	Power ground	
4	GND	Р	Power ground	
5	INO-	I	LVDS receiver negative signal channel 0	
6	IN0+	I	LVDS receiver positive signal channel 0	
7	GND	Р	Power ground	
8	IN1-	I	LVDS receiver negative signal channel 1	
9	IN1+	I	LVDS receiver positive signal channel 1	
10	GND	Р	Power ground	
11	IN2-	I	LVDS receiver negative signal channel 2	
12	IN2+	I	LVDS receiver positive signal channel 2	
13	GND	Р	Power ground	
14	CLK-	I	LVDS receiver negative signal clock	
15	CLK+	I	LVDS receiver positive signal clock	
16	GND	Р	Power ground	
17	NC	_	No connection	
18	NC	-	No connection	
19	GND	I	Power ground	
20	GND	Р	Adjust the LED brightness by PWM	

CN2: JST SM04B-SRSS-TB (LF) (SN)

Pin No.	Symbol	I/O	Description	Note
1	VLED	Р	Voltage for LED circuit (3.3V~5.0V)	
2	LED_EN	I	LED BLU ON/OFF	
3	GND	ı	Power ground	
4	ADJ	Р	Adjust the LED brightness by PWM	

7. AC Timing characteristic

7-1 Timing Specification.

Item	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Condition
Clock period	tLVCP	20.0	25	31.25	ns	
Clock high time	tL∨CH	-	14.29	-	ns	
Clock low time	tL∀CL	-	10.71	-	ns	
PLL wake-up time	tLVPLL	-	-	1	ms	
Input skew marign	tLVSKM	400	-	-	ps	f=85MHz

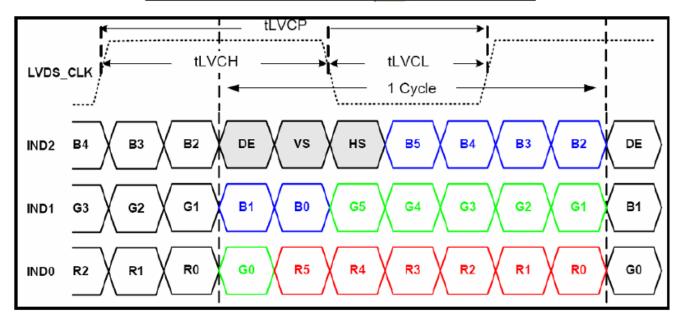
Table 5.1 timing parameter

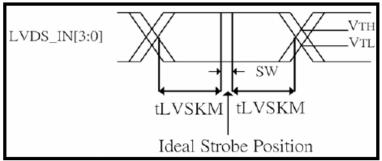
1.8V

VDD

RXCLK

Internal Clock

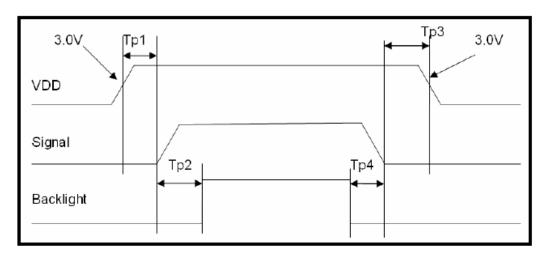




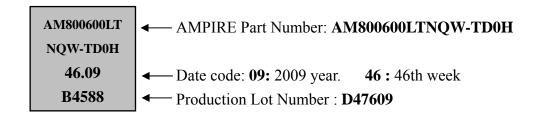
SW: Setup and Hold time

7-2 Power ON/OFF Sequence

Item	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Remark
VDD 3.0V to signal starting	Tp1	0	•	50	ms	
Signal starting to backlight on	Tp2	150	-	-	ms	
Signal off to VDD 3.0V	Tp3	0	-	50	ms	
Backlight off to signal off	Tp4	150	-	-	ms	



8. Date Code Label



8. QUALITY AND RELIABILITY

8.1 TEST CONDITIONS

Tests should be conducted under the following conditions:

Ambient temperature : $25 \pm 5^{\circ}$ C Humidity : $60 \pm 25\%$ RH.

8.2 SAMPLING PLAN

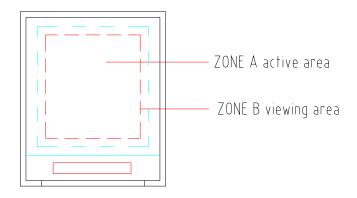
Sampling method shall be in accordance with MIL-STD-105E , level II, normal single sampling plan .

8.3 ACCEPTABLE QUALITY LEVEL

A major defect is defined as one that could cause failure to or materially reduce the usability of the unit for its intended purpose. A minor defect is one that does not materially reduce the usability of the unit for its intended purpose or is an infringement from established standards and has no significant bearing on its effective use or operation.

8.4 APPEARANCE

An appearance test should be conducted by human sight at approximately 30 cm distance from the LCD module under florescent light. The inspection area of LCD panel shall be within the range of following limits.



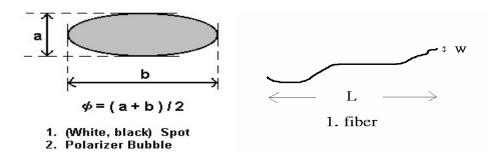
8.5 INCOMING INSPECTION STANDARD FOR TFT-LCD PANEL

	DEFECT TYPE			LIMIT					Note
VISUAL DEFECT INTERNA		SPOT	φ < 0.15mm Ignore						
			0.15 mm $\leq \varphi \leq 0.5$ mm				N	I≦4	Note1
			$0.5 \mathrm{mm} < \varphi$				1	V=0	
		FIBER	0.03 mm $<$ W \leq 0.1mm, L \leq 5mm					I ≦3	Note1
	INTERNAL		1.0mm < W, 1.5mm < L				1	V=0	
DEFECT		POLARIZER BUBBLE	φ < 0.15mm						=
			0.15 mm $\leq \varphi \leq 0.5$ mm						Note1
			0.5 mm $< \varphi$				1	√=0	
		Mura	It' OK if mura is slight visible through 6%ND filter						
		BRIGHT DOT		A Grade B G				е	
	Е			O Area	Total	C Area	O Area	Total	Note3
			N≦0	N≦2	N≦2	N≦2	N≦3	$N \le 4$ $N = 0$ $N \le 3$ $N = 0$ $N \le 2$ $N = 0$ $N \ge 2$ $N = 0$ $N \ge 4$ $N \ge 3$ $N \ge 5$ $N \ge 5$ $N \ge 5$ $N \ge 5$ $N \ge 6$ $N \ge 6$ $N \ge 8$	Note2
-		DARK DOT		N≦3	N≦3	N≦3	N≦5	N≦8	
		TOTAL DOT		N≦4		N≦5	N≦6	N≦8	Note2
	TWO ADJACENT DOT		N≦0	N≦1 pair	N≦1 pair	N≦1 pair	N≦1 pair		Note4
	THREE OR MORE		NOT ALLOWED						
	ADJACENT DOT		NOT ALLOWED						
	LINE DEFECT		NOT ALLOWED						

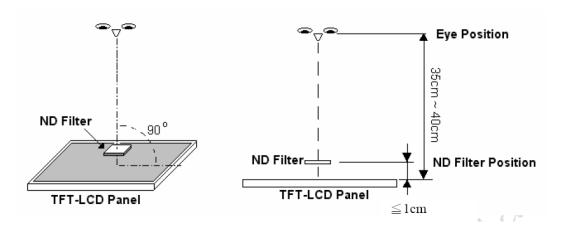
(1) One pixel consists of 3 sub-pixels, including R,G, and B dot.(Sub-pixel = Dot)

(2) LITTLE BRIGHT DOT ACCEPTABLE UNDER 6 % ND-Filter

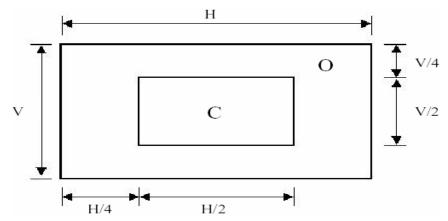
[Note1] W: Width[mm], L: Length[mm], N: Number, φ : Average Diameter



[Note2] Bright dot is defined through 6% transmission ND Filter as following.



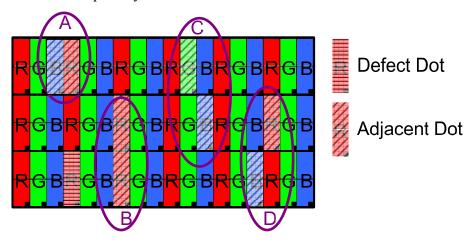
[Note3]



C Area: Center of display area C Area: Outer of display area

[Note4]

Judge defect dot and adjacent dot as following. Allow below (as A, B, C and D status) adjacent defect dots, including bright and dart adjacent dot. And they will be counted 2 defect dots in total quantity.



- (1) The defects that are not defined above and considered to be problem shall be reviewed and discussed by both parties.
- (2) Defects on the Black Matrix, out of Display area, are not considered as a defect or counted.

8.6 Reliability Test

Test Item	Test Conditions	Note		
High Temperature Operation	70±3°C, t=96 hrs			
Low Temperature Operation	-20±3°C , t=96 hrs			
High Temperature Storage	80±3°C, t=96 hrs	1,2		
Low Temperature Storage	-30±3°C , t=96 hrs	1,2		
Thermal Shock Test	-20°C ~ 25 °C ~ 70 °C m in. 5 min. 30 min. (1 cycle) Total 5 cycle	1,2		
Humidity Test	60 °C, Humidity 90%, 96 hrs	1,2		
Vibration Test (Packing)	Sweep frequency: $10 \sim 55 \sim 10 \text{ Hz/1min}$ Amplitude: 0.75mm Test direction: X.Y.Z/3 axis Duration: 30min/each axis			

Note 1: Condensation of water is not permitted on the module.

Note 2: The module should be inspected after 1 hour storage in normal conditions

(15-35°C , 45-65%RH).

Definitions of life end point:

- Current drain should be smaller than the specific value.
- Function of the module should be maintained.
- Appearance and display quality should not have degraded noticeably.
- Contrast ratio should be greater than 50% of the initial value.

9. USE PRECAUTIONS

9.1 Handling precautions

- 1) The polarizing plate may break easily so be careful when handling it. Do not touch, press or rub it with a hard-material tool like tweezers.
- 2) Do not touch the polarizing plate surface with bare hands so as not to make it dirty. If the surface or other related part of the polarizing plate is dirty, soak a soft cotton cloth or chamois leather in benzine and wipe off with it. Do not use chemical liquids such as acetone, toluene and isopropyl alcohol. Failure to do so may bring chemical reaction phenomena and deteriorations.
- 3) Remove any spit or water immediately. If it is left for hours, the suffered part may deform or decolorize.
- 4) If the LCD element breaks and any LC stuff leaks, do not suck or lick it. Also if LC stuff is stuck on your skin or clothing, wash thoroughly with soap and water immediately.

9.2 Installing precautions

- 1) The PCB has many ICs that may be damaged easily by static electricity. To prevent breaking by static electricity from the human body and clothing, earth the human body properly using the high resistance and discharge static electricity during the operation. In this case, however, the resistance value should be approx. $1M\Omega$ and the resistance should be placed near the human body rather than the ground surface. When the indoor space is dry, static electricity may occur easily so be careful. We recommend the indoor space should be kept with humidity of 60% or more. When a soldering iron or other similar tool is used for assembly, be sure to earth it.
- 2) When installing the module and ICs, do not bend or twist them. Failure to do so may crack LC element and cause circuit failure.
- 3) To protect LC element, especially polarizing plate, use a transparent protective plate (e.g., acrylic plate, glass etc) for the product case.
- 4) Do not use an adhesive like a both-side adhesive tape to make LCD surface (polarizing plate) and product case stick together. Failure to do so may cause the polarizing plate to peel off.

9.3 Storage precautions

- 1) Avoid a high temperature and humidity area. Keep the temperature between 0°C and 35°C and also the humidity under 60%.
- 2) Choose the dark spaces where the product is not exposed to direct sunlight or fluorescent light.
- 3) Store the products as they are put in the boxes provided from us or in the same conditions as we recommend.

9.4 Operating precautions

- 1) Do not boost the applied drive voltage abnormally. Failure to do so may break ICs. When applying power voltage, check the electrical features beforehand and be careful. Always turn off the power to the LC module controller before removing or inserting the LC module input connector. If the input connector is removed or inserted while the power is turned on, the LC module internal circuit may break.
- 2) The display response may be late if the operating temperature is under the normal standard, and the display may be out of order if it is above the normal standard. But this is not a failure; this will be restored if it is within the normal standard.
- 3) The LCD contrast varies depending on the visual angle, ambient temperature, power voltage etc. Obtain the optimum contrast by adjusting the LC dive voltage.
- 4) When carrying out the test, do not take the module out of the low-temperature space suddenly. Failure to do so will cause the module condensing, leading to malfunctions.
- 5) Make certain that each signal noise level is within the standard (L level: 0.2Vdd or less and H level: 0.8Vdd or more) even if the module has functioned properly. If it is beyond the standard, the module may often malfunction. In addition, always connect the module when making noise level measurements.
- 6) The CMOS ICs are incorporated in the module and the pull-up and pull-down function is not adopted for the input so avoid putting the input signal open while the power is ON.
- 7) The characteristic of the semiconductor element changes when it is exposed to light emissions, therefore ICs on the LCD may malfunction if they receive light emissions. To prevent these malfunctions, design and assemble ICs so that they are shielded from light emissions.
- 8) Crosstalk occurs because of characteristics of the LCD. In general, crosstalk occurs when the regularized display is maintained. Also, crosstalk is affected by the LC drive voltage. Design the contents of the display, considering crosstalk.

9.5 Other

- 1) Do not disassemble or take the LC module into pieces. The LC modules once disassembled or taken into pieces are not the guarantee articles.
- 2) The residual image may exist if the same display pattern is shown for hours. This residual image, however, disappears when another display pattern is shown or the drive is interrupted and left for a while. But this is not a problem on reliability.
- 3) AMIPRE will provide one year warranty for all products and three months warrantee for all repairing products.

10. OUTLINE DIMENSION

