AMP DISPLAY INC.

A Brighter Solution

SPECIFICATIONS

3.5-in COLOR TFT MODULE W/ TOUCH

CUSTOMER:	
CUSTOMER PART NO.	
AMP DISPLAY PART NO.	A M 3 2 0 2 4 0 L 8 T N Q W - T B 3 H
APPROVED BY:	
DATE:	

☐   APPROVED FOR SPECIFICATIONS

☐   APPROVED FOR SPECIFICATION AND PROTOTYPES

RECORD OF REVISION

Revision Date	Page	Contents	Editor
2007/12/13	--	New Release (8 bit 80 interface + TP)	Edward
2007/12/28	3	Modify the Features.	Edward

1 Features

3.5 inch Amorphous-TFT-LCD (Thin Film Transistor Liquid Crystal Display) module. This module is composed of a 3.5" TFT-LCD panel, LCD controller and power driver circuit, Touch Panel and backlight unit.

1.1 TFT Panel Feature :

(1) Construction: 3.5" a-Si color TFT-LCD, White LED / CCFL Backlight and PCB.

(2) Resolution (pixel): 320(R.G.B) X240

(3) Number of the Colors : 262K colors (R , G , B 6 bit digital each)

(4) LCD type : Transmissive Color TFT LCD (normally White)

(5) Interface: 40 pin pitch 0.5 FFC

(6) Power Supply Voltage: 3.3V single power input. Built-in power supply circuit.

1.2 LCD Controller Feature:

(1) MCU interface: 8 bit 80 series MCU interface.

(2) Display RAM size: 640x240x3x6 bits. Ex: 320x240 two frame buffer with 262K colors.

(3) Arbitrary display memory starts position selection.

(4) 16 bit interface support 65K (R5 G6 B5) Color.

2 Physical specifications

Item	Specifications	Unit
Display resolution(dot)	960 (W) x 240(H)	dot
Active area	70.08(W) x 52.56(H)	mm
Screen size	3.5(Diagonal)	mm
Pixel size	73 (W) x 219 (H)	um
Color configuration	R.G.B stripe	
Overall dimension	77.8(W)x64(H) x 6.5(D)	mm
Weight	T.B.D	g
Backlight unit	LED	

3 Electrical specification

3.1 Absolute max. ratings

3.1.1 Electrical Absolute max. ratings

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Power voltage	VDD	VSS=0	-0.3	5.5	V	
Input voltege	V_{in}		-0.3	VDD+0.3	V	Note 1

Note1: /CS,/WR,/RD,RS,DB0~DN17

3.1.2 Environmental Absolute max. ratings

Item	OPERATING		STORAGE		Remark
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
Temperature	-20	70	-30	80	Note2,3,4,5,6,7
Humidity	Note1		Note1		
Corrosive Gas	Not Acceptable		Not Acceptable		

Note1 : Ta <= 40℃ : 85% RH max

Ta > 40℃ : Absolute humidity must be lower than the humidity of

85%RH at 40℃

Note2 : For storage condition Ta at -30℃ < 48h , at 80℃ < 100h

For operating condition Ta at -20℃ < 100h

Note3 : Background color changes slightly depending on ambient
temperature. This phenomenon is reversible.

Note4 : The response time will be slower at low temperature.

Note5 : Only operation is guarantied at operating temperature. Contrast ,

response time, another display quality are evaluated at +25℃

Note6 :

● LED BL : When LCM is operated over 40℃ ambient temperature, the
I_{LED} of the LED back-light should be follow :
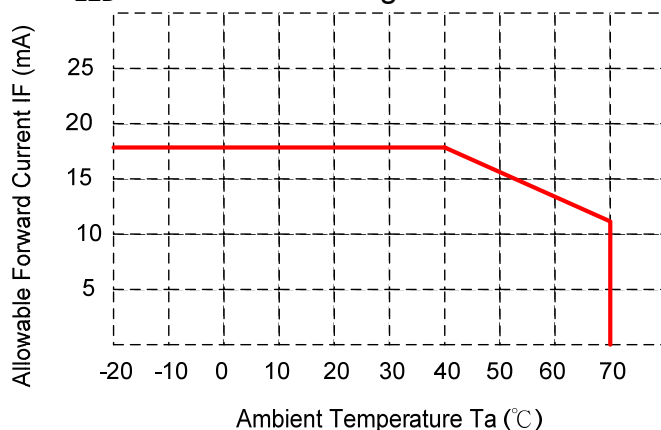
Note7 : This is panel surface temperature, not ambient temperature.

Note8 :

- LED BL: When LCM be operated over than 40℃, the life time of the LED back-light will be reduced.

3.1.3 LED back-light Unit Absolute max. ratings

Item	Symbol	Ratings	Unit	Remark
Peak forward Current	IF	60	mA	
Reverse Voltage	VR	15	V	
Power Dissipation	Po	0.9	W	

3.2 Electrical characteristics

3.2.1 DC Electrical characteristic of the LCD

Typical operting conditions (VSS=0V)

Item		Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Power supply		VDD	3.0	3.3	5.0	V	
Input Voltage for logic	H Level	V_{IH}	2.0	-	5.5	V	Note 1
	L Level	V_{IL}	VSS	-	0.8	V	
Output Voltage for Logic	H Level	V_{OH}	2.4	-	VDD	V	Note 2
	L Level	V_{OL}	VSS		0.4	V	
Power Supply current		IDD	-	320	-	mA	Note 3

Note1: With 5V Tolerance Input, /CS, /WR,/RD,RS,DB0~DB17

Note2: DB0~DB17

Note3: fV =60Hz, Ta=25℃, Display pattern: All Black

3.2.2 Electrical characteristic of LED Back-light

Paramenter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Condiction
LED voltage	V_{AK}	9.0	-	11.0	V	I_{LED} =40,Ta=25℃
LED forward current	I_{LED}	--	40	--	mA	Ta=25℃
	I_{LED}	--	30	--	mA	Ta=60℃
Lamp life time		--	T.B.D.	-	Hr	I_{LED} =40mA,Ta=25℃

LED_K ———— ◁ ◁ ◁ ◁ ◁ ◁ ———— LED_A
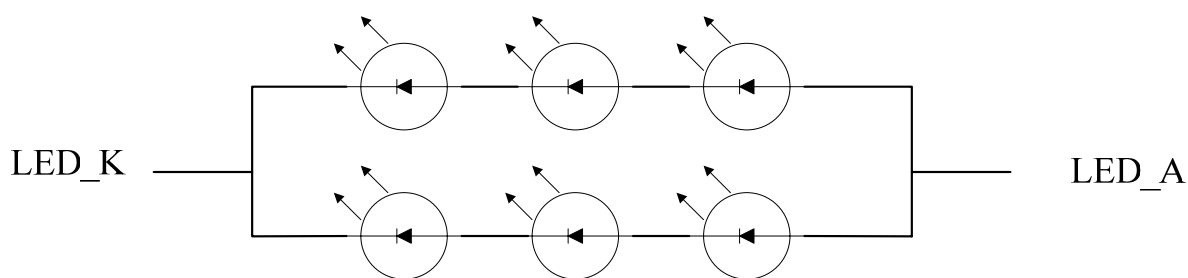
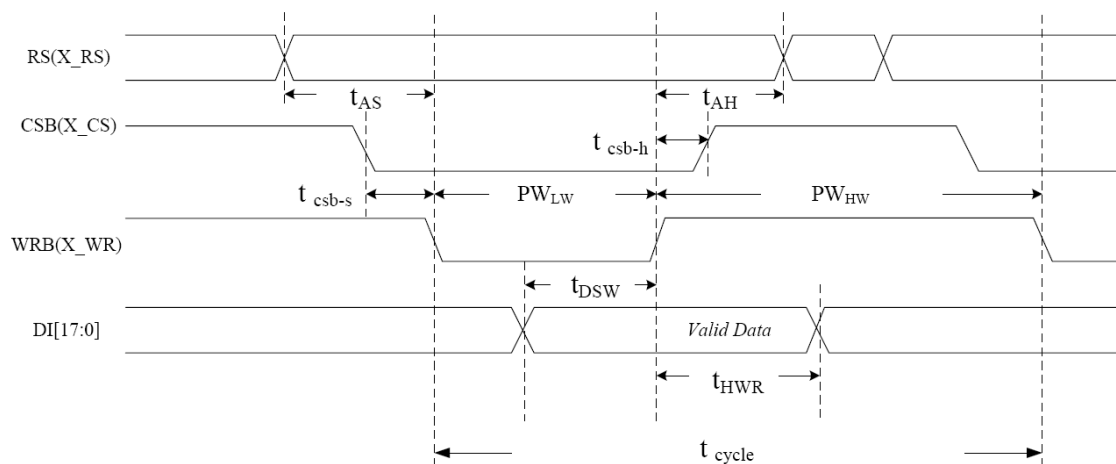■ The constant current source is needed for white LED back-light driving.

When LCM is operated over 60℃ ambient temperature, the I_{LED} of the LED

back-light should be adjusted to 15mA max(For one dice LED).
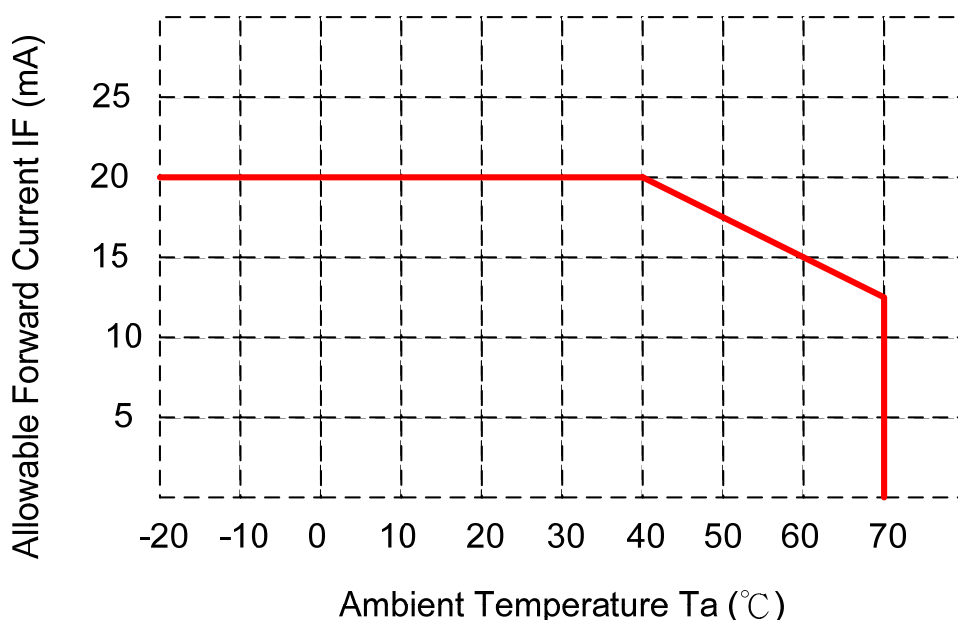
3.3 AC Timing characteristic of the Graphic TFT LCD controller

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Remark
t_{cycle}	Enable cycle time	100	200		ns	
PW_{HW}	Enable high-level pulse width	66	70		ns	
PW_{LW}	Enable low-level pulse width	33	130		ns	
t_{AS}	RS setup time	16	25		ns	
t_{AH}	RS hold time	16	45		ns	
t_{DSW}	Write data setup time	50	50		ns	
t_{HWR}	Write data hold time	50	40		ns	
t_{csb-s}	CSB setup time	16	20		ns	
t_{csb-h}	CSB hold time	16	30		ns	

4 Optical specification

4.1 Optical characteristic:

Item		Symbol	Conditon	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Response Time	Rise+ Fall	T_r+T_f	$\Theta=0°$		25	40	ms	Note 1,2,3,5
Contrast ratio		CR	At optimized viewing angle	200	300	-		Note 1,2,4,5
Viewing Angle	Top		$CR\geqq10$	-	35	-	deg.	Note1,2, 5,6
	Bottom			-	55	-		
	Left			-	70	-		
	Right			-	70	-		
Brightness LED BL Without TP		Y_L	I_{LED}=40mA ,25℃	330	350	-	cd/ m^2	Note 7
Brightness LED BL With TP		Y_L	I_{LED}=40mA, 25℃	235	250	-	cd/ m^2	Note 7
Red chromaticity	X_R		$\Theta=0°$ $\Theta=0°$	T.B.D.	T.B.D.	T.B.D.		Note 7 For reference only. These data should be update according the prototype.
	Y_R			T.B.D.	T.B.D.	T.B.D.		
Green chromaticity	X_G			T.B.D.	T.B.D.	T.B.D.		
	Y_G			T.B.D.	T.B.D.	T.B.D.		
Blue chromaticity	X_B			T.B.D.	T.B.D.	T.B.D.		
	Y_B			T.B.D.	T.B.D.	T.B.D.		
White chromaticity	X_W			T.B.D.	T.B.D.	T.B.D.		
	Y_W			T.B.D.	T.B.D.	T.B.D.		

(   ) For reference only. These data should be update according the prototype.

Note 1:

● LED BL :Ambient temperature=25℃,and lamp current I_{LED}=40mA.To be measured in the dark room.

Note 2:To be measured on the center area of panel with a viewing cone of 1°by Topcon luminance meter BM-7,after 10 minutes operation.
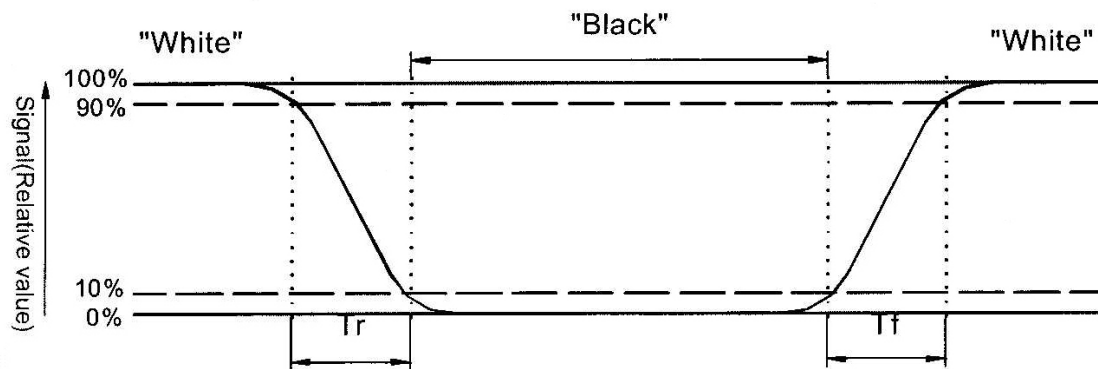
Note 3.Definition of response time:

The output signals of photo detector are measured when the input signals are changed from "black" to "white"(falling time) and from "white" to "black"

(rising time),respectively. The response time is defined as the time interval between the 10% and 90% of amplitudes. Refer to figure as below.

Note 4.Definition of contrast ratio:

Contrast ratio is calculated with the following formula.

$$\text{Contrast ratio(CR)} = \frac{\text{Photo detector output when LCD is at "White" state}}{\text{Photo detector Output when LCD is at "Black" state}}$$

Note 5:White $V_i = V_{i50} + 1.5V$

Black $V_i = V_{i50} + 2.0V$

"±"means that the analog input signal swings in phase with V_{COM} signal.

"$\frac{-}{+}$" means that the analog input signal swings out of phase with V_{COM} signal.

V_{i50} : The analog input voltage when transmission is 50%.The 100% Transmission is defined as the transmission of LCD panel when all the Input terminals of module are electrically opened.
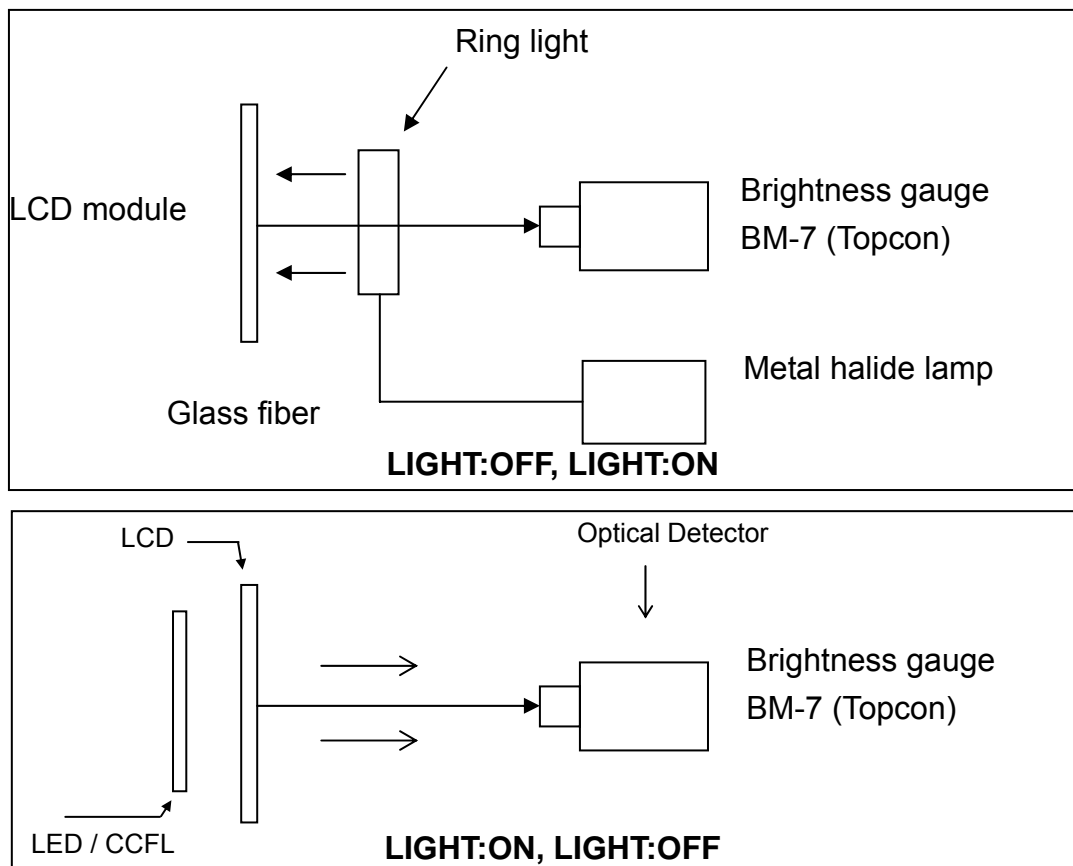
Note 6.Definition of viewing angle, Refer to figure as below.
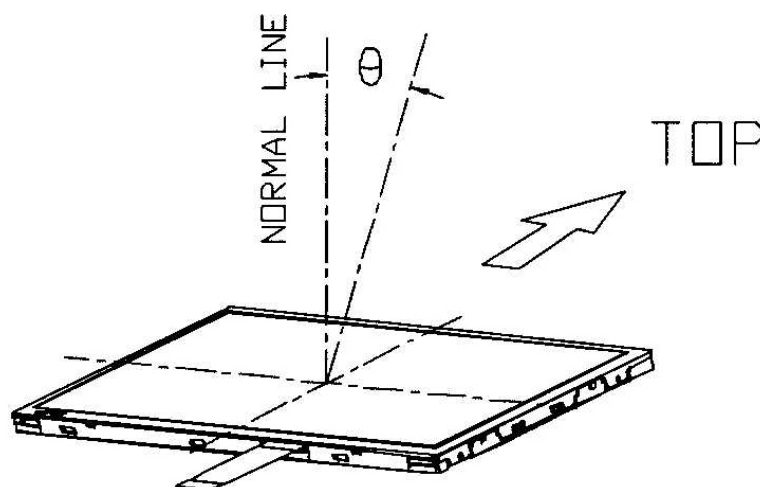
Note 7.Measured at the center area of the panel when all the input terminals of
LCD panel are electrically opened.

4.2 Optical characteristic of the LED Back-light

ITEM	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	Condition
Bare Brightness	-	T.B.D.	--	Cd/m2	I_{LED} =40mA,Ta=25℃
AVG. X of 1931 C.I.E.	0.26	0.30	0.34	--	I_{LED} =40mA,Ta=25℃
AVG. Y of 1931 C.I.E.	0.27	0.31	0.35	--	I_{LED} =40mA,Ta=25℃
Brightness Uniformity	75	--	--	%	I_{LED} =40mA,Ta=25℃

(   )For reference only. These data should be update according the prototype.

Note1 : Measurement after 10 minutes from LED BL operating.

Note2 :   Measurement of the following 9 places on the display.
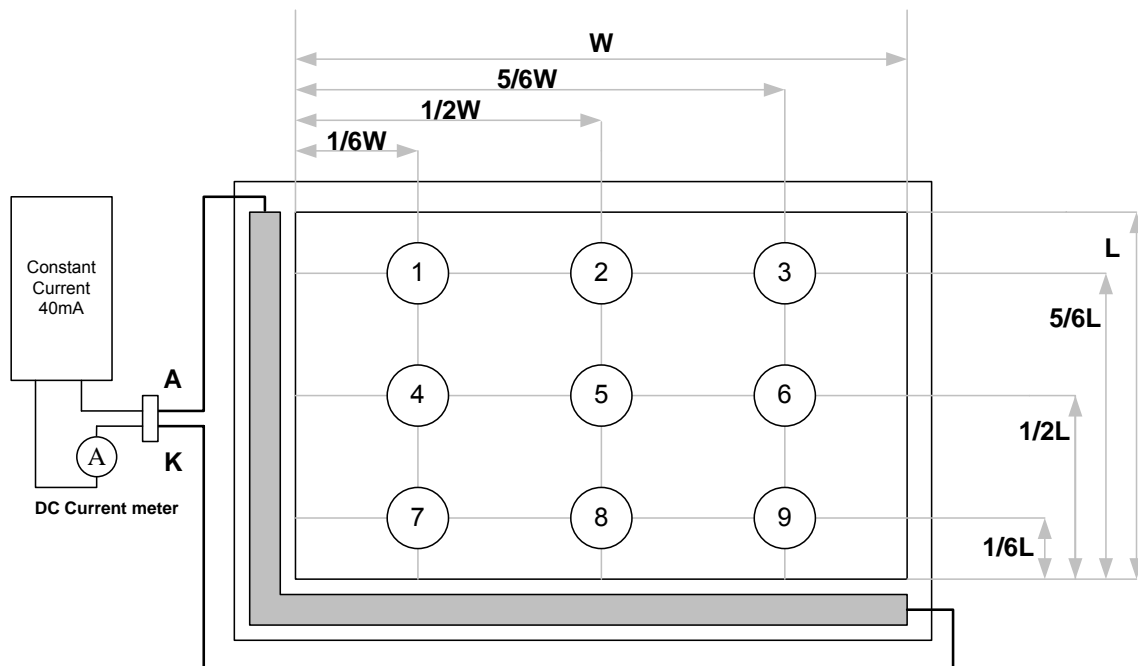
Note3: The Uniformity definition

(Min Brightness / Max Brightness) x 100%

4.3 Touch Panel Electrical Specification

Parameter	Condition	Standard Value
Terminal Resistance	X Axis	400 ~ 900 Ω
	Y Axis	200 ~ 500 Ω
Insulating Resistance	DC 25 V	More than 10MΩ
Linearity	--	±1.5 %
Notes life by Pen	Note a	100,000 times(min)
Input life by finger	Note b	1,000,000 times (min)

Note A.

Notes area for pen notes life test is 10 x 9 mm.

Size of word is 7.5 x 6.72

Shape of pen end: R0.8

Load: 250 g

Note B

By Silicon rubber tapping at same point

Shape of rubber end: R8

Load: 200g

Frequency: 5 Hz

Interface

No.	Symbol	Function
1	X1	Touch Panel Right Signal in X Axis
2	Y1	Touch Panel Upper Signal in Y Axis
3	X2	Touch Panel Left Signal in X Axis
4	Y2	Touch Panel Low Signal in Y Axis
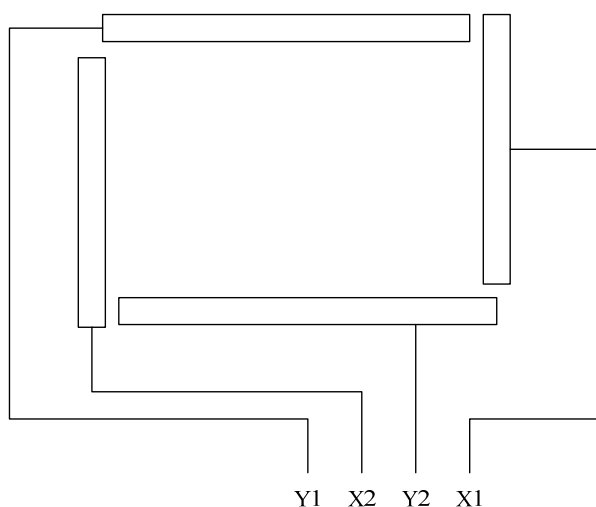
Y1   X2   Y2   X1

5　Interface specifications

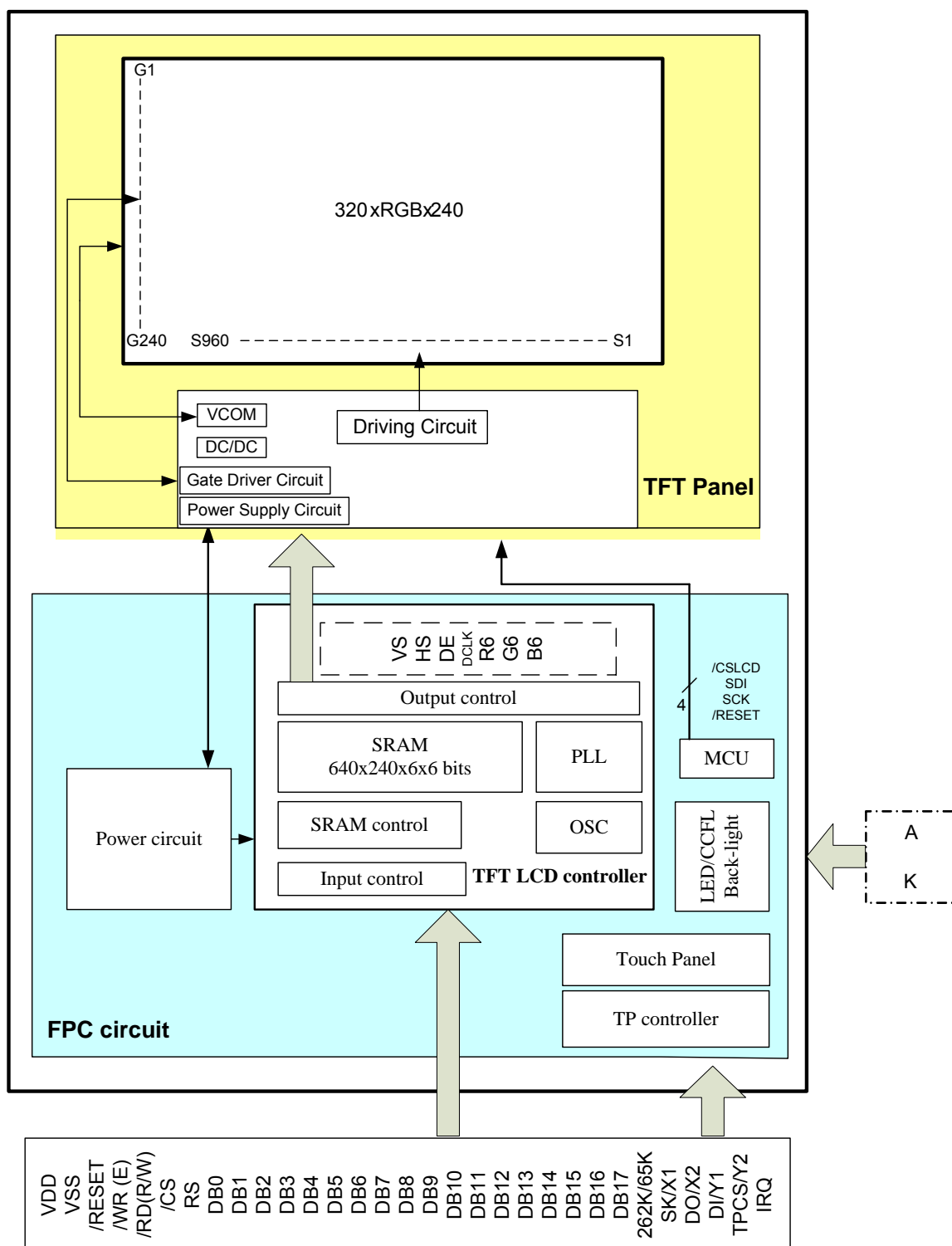| Pin no	Symbol	I/O	Description	Remark
1	DGND	-	GND	
2				
3	LED_A/PWM	-	LED Anode/LED dimming control(with LED driver IC).	
4	LED_K	-	LED Cathode	
5	/RESET	I	Reset signal for TFT LCD controller.	
6	RS	I	Register and Data select for TFT LCD controller.	
7	/CS506	I	Chip select low active signal for TFT LCD controller.	
8	/WR	I	80mode: /WR low active signal for TFT LCD controller. 68mode: E signal latch on rising edge.	
9	/RD	I	80mode: /RD low active signal for TFT LCD controller. 68mode: R/W signal Hi: read, Lo: write.	
10	DB0	I		
11	DB1	I		
12	DB2	I		
13	DB3	I		
14	DB4	I		
15	DB5	I		
16	DB6	I		
17	DB7	I		
18	DB8	I	Data bus.	
19	DB9	I		
20	DB10	I		
21	DB11	I		
22	DB12	I		
23	DB13	I		
24	DB14	I		
25	DB15	I		
26	DB16	I		
27	DB17	I		
28	262K/65K	I	Hi=262 K Color Mode; Lo: 65 K Color Mode.	
29	DGND	-	GND	
30	SK/X1	I	Serial clock for Touch panel controller/ Touch Panel Right Signal in X Axis.	
31	DO/X2	I	Data Output for Touch panel controller/ Touch Panel Left Signal in X Axis.	
32	DI/Y1	I	Data In for Touch panel controller/ Touch Panel Upper Signal in Y Axis.	
33	TPCS/Y2	I	Chip Select for Touch panel controller/ Touch Panel Lower Signal in Y Axis.	
34	IRQ	I	Interrupt for Touch panel controller.	
35-37	VDD	-	Power supply for the logic (3.3V).	
38-40	DGND	-	GND.	

29~34 : SK, DO, DI, CS, IRQ for Touch Panel controller TSC2046/
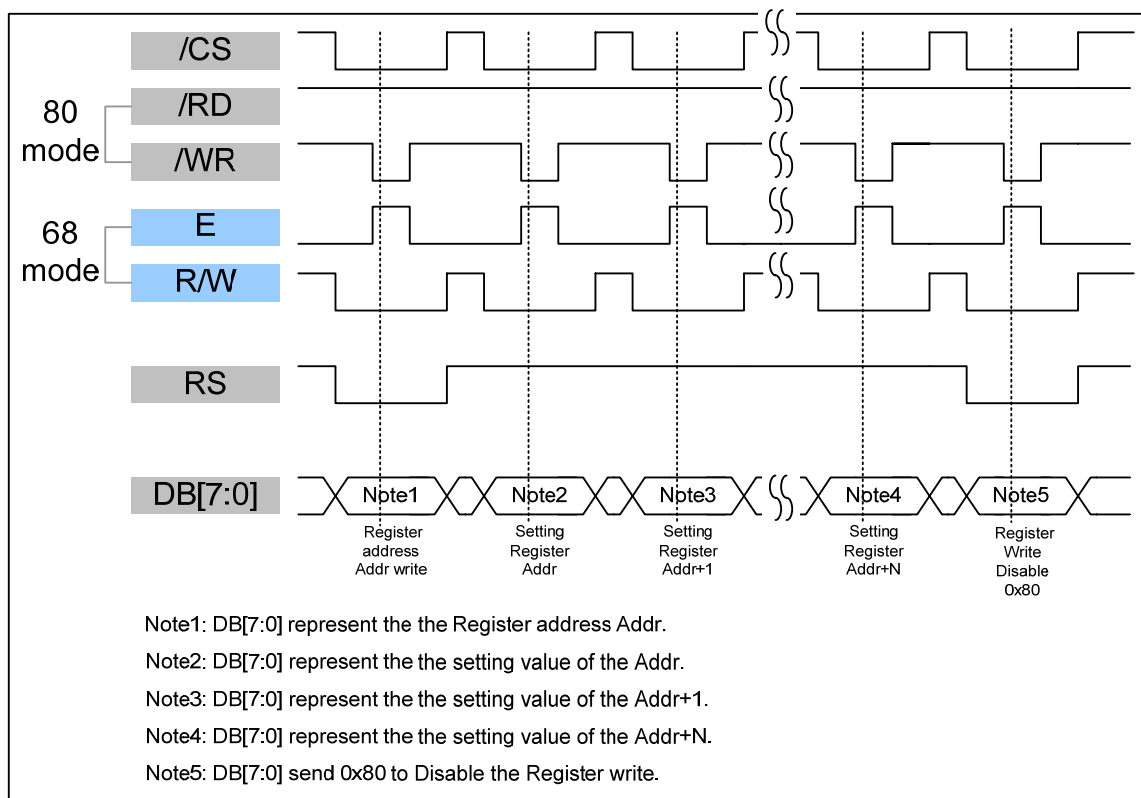
X1, X2, Y1, Y2 for Touch Panel (without TSC2046)

6 BLOCK DIAGRAM

7 Interface Protocol

7.1 8Bit-80/68- Write to Command Register

Note1: DB[7:0] represent the the Register address Addr.

Note2: DB[7:0] represent the the setting value of the Addr.

Note3: DB[7:0] represent the the setting value of the Addr+1.

Note4: DB[7:0] represent the the setting value of the Addr+N.

Note5: DB[7:0] send 0x80 to Disable the Register write.

7.2 8Bit-80/68-Write to Display RAM
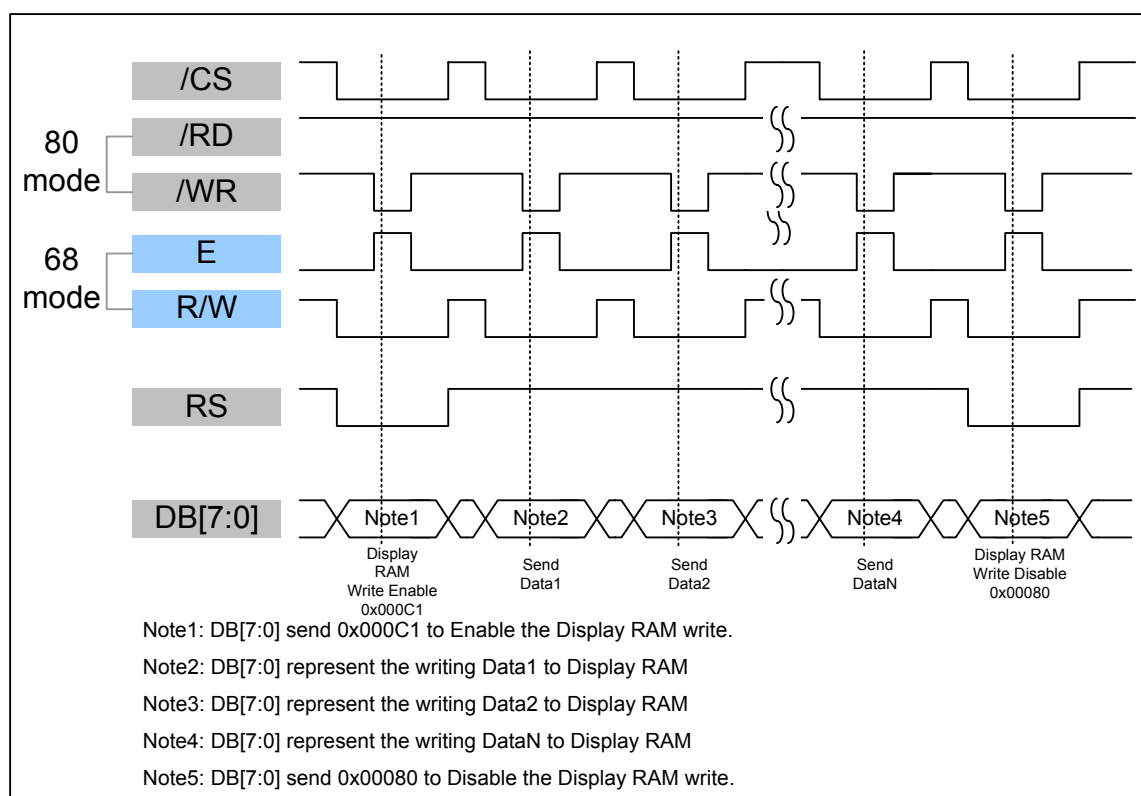
Note1: DB[7:0] send 0x000C1 to Enable the Display RAM write.

Note2: DB[7:0] represent the writing Data1 to Display RAM

Note3: DB[7:0] represent the writing Data2 to Display RAM

Note4: DB[7:0] represent the writing DataN to Display RAM

Note5: DB[7:0] send 0x00080 to Disable the Display RAM write.

7.3 Data transfer order Setting

7.3.1 18 bit interface 262K color only (Pin12 65K/262K =High)

DB	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0

7.3.2 16 bit interface 65K color (Pin12 65K/262K =Low)

DB			15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
			R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0

7.3.3 16 bit interface 262K color (Pin12 65K/262K =High)

DB	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
1st data	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	R5	R4
2nd data	R3	R2	R1	R0	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0

7.3.4 9 bit interface 262K color only (Pin12 65K/262K =High)

DB	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
1st data	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G5	G4	G3
2nd data	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	G2	G1	G0	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0

7.3.5 8 bit interface 65K color (Pin12 65K/262K =Low)

DB	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
1st data	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G5	G4	G3
2nd data	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	G2	G1	G0	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0

7.3.6 8 bit interface 262K color (Pin12 65K/262K =High)

DB	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
1st data	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X							R5	R4
2nd data	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	R3	R2	R1	R0	G5	G4	G3	G2
3rd data	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	G1	G0	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0

8 Register Depiction

Register Address (Hex)	Default (Hex)	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	Remark
00	00	MSB of X-axis start position								
Description	set the horizontals start position of display active region									
Register Address (Hex)	Default (Hex)	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	Remark
01	00	LSB of X-axis start position								
Description	set the horizontals start position of display active region									
Register Address (Hex)	Default (Hex)	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	Remark
02	01	MSB of X-axis end position								
Description	set the horizontals end position of display active region									
Register Address (Hex)	Default (Hex)	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	Remark
03	3F	LSB of X-axis end position								
Description	set the horizontals end position of display active region									
Register Address (Hex)	Default (Hex)	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	Remark
04	00	MSB of Y-axis start position								
Description	set the vertical start position of display active region									
Register Address (Hex)	Default (Hex)	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	Remark
05	00	LSB of Y-axis start position								
Description	Set the vertical start position of display active region									
Register Address (Hex)	Default (Hex)	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	Remark
06	00	MSB of Y-axis end position								
Description	set the vertical end position of display active region									
Register Address (Hex)	Default (Hex)	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	Remark
07	EF	LSB of Y-axis end position								
Description	Set the vertical end position of display active region									

To simplify the address control of display RAM access, the window area address function

allows for writing data only within a window area of display RAM specified by

registers   REG[00]~REG[07] .

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After writing data to the display RAM, the Address counter will be increased within
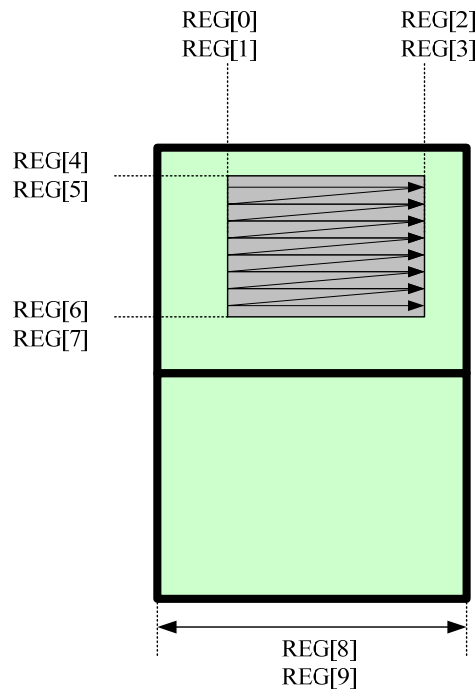
setting window address-range which is specified by

MIN X address (REG[0] & REG[1])

MAX X address (REG[2] & REG[3])

MIN Y address (REG[4] & REG[5])

MAX Y address (REG[6] & REG[7])

Therefore, data can be written consecutively without thinking the data address.

Register Address (Hex)	Default (Hex)	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	Remark
08	01	X	X	X	X	X	X	_PanelXSize H_Byte[1:0]		
Description	Set the panel X size									
Register Address (Hex)	Default (Hex)	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	Remark
09	40	_PanelXSize L_Byte[7:0]								
Description	Set the panel X size									

The register REG[08] and REG[09] is use to calculate the RAM address. If you

want to use the TFT as Landscape mode (320x240), the REG[08] & RGE[09] must

set to 320. If you want to use the TFT as Portrait mode (240x320), the REG[08] &

RGE[09] must set to 240.

Register Address (Hex)	Default (Hex)	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	Remark
0A	00	X	X	X	X	X	[17:16] bits of memory write start address			
Description	Memory write start address									

Register Address (Hex)	Default (Hex)	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	Remark
0B	00	[15:8] bits of memory write start address								
Description	Memory write start address									

Register Address (Hex)	Default (Hex)	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	Remark
0C	00	[7:0] bits of memory write start address								
Description	Memory write start address									

Register Address (Hex)	Default (Hex)	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	Remark
0x10	0x0D	Bit_SWAP	OUT_TEST	BUS_SEL		Blanking	P/S_SEL	CLK_SEL		
Description	"0x10_Clk_sel[1:0]" : The TFT controller built-in 40Mhz PLL clock. These bits are for select the TFT panel dot clock frequency. 00 : 20Mhz 01: 10Mhz 02: 5 Mhz									
	"0x10_ps_sel[2]" : The TFT controller support parallel and serial RGB interface. These bits are for select the output timing. 0 : serial Panel 1: Parallel panel									
	"0x10_blanking_tmp[3]" 0 : OFF (blanking) 1: ON (normal operation)									
	"0x10_bus_sel[5:4]" : It only for serial Panel 00=R , 01=G , 10=B									
	"0x10_out_test[6]" : Self test 0 : normal operation 1: for test (don't use for normal operation) When set the bit to "1" , the Rout=(Reg 2a[6:0]) Gout=(Reg 2b[6:0]) Bout=(Reg 2c[6:0])									
	"0x10_bit_swap[7]" : 0-normal									

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| | The default setting is suitable for AM320240N1. Don't need to modify it. | | | | | | | | | |

Register Address (Hex)	Default (Hex)	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	Remark
0x11	00	X	X	EVEN			_ODD			
Description	" Even line of serial panel data out sequence or data bus order of parallel panel 000: RGB 001: RBG 010: GRB 011: GBR 100: BRG 101: BGR Others: reserved Odd line of serial panel data out sequence 000: RGB 001: RBG 010: GRB 011: GBR 100: BRG **101: BGR** Others: reserved **Must Set to 0x05 for AM320240N1**									

Register Address (Hex)	Default (Hex)	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	Remark
0x12	00					Hsync_stH_Byte[3:0]				
Description	For TFT output timing adjust: Hsync start position H-Byte The default setting is suitable for AM320240N1. Don't need to modify it.									

Register Address (Hex)	Default (Hex)	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	Remark
0x13	00	Hsync_stL_Byte[7:0]								
Description	For TFT output timing adjust: Hsync start position L-Byte The default setting is suitable for AM320240N1. Don't need to modify it.									

Register Address (Hex)	Default (Hex)	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	Remark
0x14	00					Hsync_pwH_Byte[3:0]				
Description	For TFT output timing adjust: Hsync pulse width H-Byte The default setting is suitable for AM320240N1. Don't need to modify it.									

Register Address (Hex)	Default (Hex)	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	Remark
0x15	10	Hsync_pwL_Byte[7:0]								
Description	For TFT output timing adjust: Hsync pulse width L-Byte									

	The default setting is suitable for AM320240N1. Don't need to modify it.									
Register Address (Hex)	Default (Hex)	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	Remark
0x16	00					Hact_stH_Byte[3:0]				
Description	For TFT output timing adjust: DE pulse start position H-Byte The default setting is suitable for AM320240N1. Don't need to modify it.									
Register Address (Hex)	Default (Hex)	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	Remark
0x17	38				Hact_stL_Byte[7:0]					
Description	For TFT output timing adjust: DE pulse start position L-Byte The default setting is suitable for AM320240N1. Don't need to modify it.									
Register Address (Hex)	Default (Hex)	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	Remark
0x18	01					Hact_pwH_Byte[3:0]				
Description	For TFT output timing adjust: DE pulse width H-Byte The default setting is suitable for AM320240N1. Don't need to modify it.									
Register Address (Hex)	Default (Hex)	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	Remark
0x19	40				Hact_pwL_Byte[7:0]					
Description	For TFT output timing adjust: DE pulse width L-Byte The default setting is suitable for AM320240N1. Don't need to modify it.									
Register Address (Hex)	Default (Hex)	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	Remark
0x1A	01					HtotalH_Byte[3:0]				
Description	For TFT output timing adjust: Hsync total clocks H-Byte The default setting is suitable for AM320240N1. Don't need to modify it.									
Register Address (Hex)	Default (Hex)	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	Remark
0x1B	B8				HtotalL_Byte[7:0]					
Description	For TFT output timing adjust: Hsync total clocks H-Byte The default setting is suitable for AM320240N1. Don't need to modify it.									
Register Address (Hex)	Default (Hex)	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	Remark
0x1C	00					Vsync_stH_Byte[3:0]				
Description	For TFT output timing adjust: Vsync start position H-Byte The default setting is suitable for AM320240N1. Don't need to modify it.									

Register Address (Hex)	Default (Hex)	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	Remark
0x1D	00	Vsync_stL_Byte[7:0]								
Description	For TFT output timing adjust: Vsync start position L-Byte The default setting is suitable for AM320240N1. Don't need to modify it.									

Register Address (Hex)	Default (Hex)	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	Remark
0x1E	00					Vsync_pwH_Byte[3:0]				
Description	For TFT output timing adjust: Vsync pulse width H-Byte The default setting is suitable for AM320240N1. Don't need to modify it.									

Register Address (Hex)	Default (Hex)	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	Remark
0x1F	08	Vsync_pwL_Byte[7:0]								
Description	For TFT output timing adjust: Vsync pulse width L-Byte The default setting is suitable for AM320240N1. Don't need to modify it.									

Register Address (Hex)	Default (Hex)	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	Remark
0x20	00					Vact_stH_Byte[3:0]				
Description	For TFT output timing adjust: Vertical DE pulse start position H-Byte The default setting is suitable for AM320240N1. Don't need to modify it.									

Register Address (Hex)	Default (Hex)	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	Remark
0x21	12	Vact_stL_Byte[7:0]								
Description	For TFT output timing adjust: Vertical DE pulse start position L-Byte The default setting is suitable for AM320240N1. Don't need to modify it.									

Register Address (Hex)	Default (Hex)	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	Remark
0x22	00					Vact_pwH_Byte[3:0]				
Description	For TFT output timing adjust: Vertical Active width H-Byte The default setting is suitable for AM320240N1. Don't need to modify it.									

Register Address (Hex)	Default (Hex)	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	Remark
0x23	F0	Vact_pwL_Byte[7:0]								
Description	For TFT output timing adjust: Vertical Active width H-Byte The default setting is suitable for AM320240N1. Don't need to modify it.									

Register Address (Hex)	Default (Hex)	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	Remark
0x24	01					VtotalH_Byte[3:0]				
Description	For TFT output timing adjust: Vertical total width H-Byte The default setting is suitable for AM320240N1. Don't need to modify it.									

Register Address (Hex)	Default (Hex)	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	Remark
0x25	09					VtotalL_Byte[7:0]				
Description	For TFT output timing adjust: Vertical total width L-Byte The default setting is suitable for AM320240N1. Don't need to modify it.									

Register Address (Hex)	Default (Hex)	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	Remark
26	00	X	X	X	X	X		[17:16] bits of memory read start address		
Description	Memory read start address									

Register Address (Hex)	Default (Hex)	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	Remark
27	00			[15:8] bits of memory write start address						
Description	Memory read start address									

Register Address (Hex)	Default (Hex)	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	Remark
28	00			[7:0] bits of memory write start address						
Description	Memory read start address									

Register Address (Hex)	Default (Hex)	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	Remark
29	00			[7:1] Reversed						
Description	[0] Load output timing related setting (H sync., V sync. and DE) to take effect									

Register Address (Hex)	Default (Hex)	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	Remark
0x2A	00	X		TestPatternRout[6:0]						
Description	When " REG[0x10]_out_test[6]" : Self test =1 ; The Rout data equal to TestPatternRout[6:0]									

Register Address (Hex)	Default (Hex)	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	Remark
0x2B	00	X		TestPatternGout[6:0]						
Description	When " REG[0x10]_out_test[6]" : Self test =1 ; The Gout data equal to TestPatternGout[6:0]									
Register	Default	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	Remark

Address (Hex)	(Hex)								
0x2C	00	X			TestPatternBout[6:0]				
Description	When " REG[0x10]_out_test[6]" : Self test =1 ; The Bout data equal to TestPatternBout[6:0]								

If you set the " REG[0x10]_out_test[6]" : Self test =1 , the TFT controller will skip

the connect of the display RAM. The Output port will send the

REG[2A] ,REG[2B],REG[2C] data.

REG[2A]=0x3F
REG[2B]=0x00
REG[2C]=0x00

REG[2A]=0x00
REG[2B]=0x3F
REG[2C]=0x00

REG[2A]=0x00
REG[2B]=0x00
REG[2C]=0x3F

Register Address (Hex)	Default (Hex)	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	Remark
0x2D	00	X	X	X	X	[3]	Rising/falling edge[2]	_rotate [1:0]		
Description	[3] Output pin X_DCON level control ; TFT Power ON/OFF control 0: TFT POWER circuit OFF 1: TFT POWER circuit ON									
	Rising/falling edge[2] : 0: The RGB out put data are on the Rising edge of the DCLK. 1: The RGB out put data are on the Falling edge of the DCLK.									
	_rotate [1:0]: 00 : rotate 0 degree 01 : rotate90 degree 10 : rotate 270 degree 11 : rotate 180 degree									
Register Address (Hex)	Default (Hex)	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	Remark
30	00	X	X	X	X	X	_H byte H-Offset[3:0]			
Description	Set the Horizontal offset									
Register Address (Hex)	Default (Hex)	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	Remark
31	00	_L byte H-Offset[7:0]								
Description	Set the Horizontal offset									
Register Address (Hex)	Default (Hex)	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	Remark
32	00	X	X	X	X	X	_H byte V-Offset[3:0]			
Description	Set the Vertical offset									
Register Address	Default (Hex)	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	Remark

(Hex)										
33	00	_L byte V-Offset[7:0]								
Description	Set the Vertical offset									

Register Address (Hex)	Default (Hex)	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	Remark
34	00	[7:4] Reserved					_H byte H-def[3:0]			
Description	[3:0] MSB of image horizontal physical resolution in memory									

Register Address (Hex)	Default (Hex)	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	Remark
35	40	_L byte H-def[7:0]								
Description	[7:0] LSB of image horizontal physical resolution in memory									

Register Address (Hex)	Default (Hex)	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	Remark
36	01	[7:4] Reserved					_H byte V-def[3:0]			
Description	[3:0] MSB of image vertical physical resolution in memory									

Register Address (Hex)	Default (Hex)	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	Remark
37	E0	_L byte V-def[7:0]								
Description	[7:0] LSB of image vertical physical resolution in memory									

The total RAM size is 640x240x18bit. The user can arrange the Horizontal ram
size by REG[34],REG[35] and the Vertical ram size by REG[36],REG[37].
EX: 320x480x18bit REG[34]=0x01 , REG[35]=0x40 , REG[36]=0x01 ,
REG[37]=0xE0
EX: 640x240x18bit. REG[34]=0x02 , REG[35]=0x80 , REG[36]=0x00 ,
REG[37]=0xF0

9   Application Note:

```c
void   main(void)
{
  Initial_AMP506 ( );
  Full_386SCR(0xf800);
  Full_386SCR(0x07e0);
  Full_386SCR(0x001f);
}


void AMP506_80Mode_Command_SendAddress(BYTE Addr)
{
  SET_nRD;              // /RD=1
  CLR_RS;               // RS=0
  CLR_CS1;               // /CS=0
  CLR_nWRL;             // /WR=0
  DB16OUT(Addr);        // Data Bus OUT
  SET_nWRL;              ///WR=1       /
  SET_RS;                // RS=1
  SET_CS1;              // CS=1
 }


void AMP506_80Mode_Command_SendData(BYTE Data)
{
  SET_nRD;
  SET_RS;
  CLR_CS1;
  CLR_nWRL;
  DB16OUT(Data);
  SET_nWRL;
  SET_RS;
  SET_CS1;
 }


void AMP506_Command_Write(uint8 CMD_Address,uint8 CMD_Value)
{
  AMP506_80Mode_Command_SendAddress(CMD_Address);
  AMP506_80Mode_Command_SendData(CMD_Value);
}
```

```
void AMP506_80Mode_16Bit_Memory_SendData(uint16 Dat16bit)
{
  SET_nRD;
  SET_RS;
  CLR_CS1;
  CLR_nWRL;
  DB16OUT(Dat16bit>>8);
  SET_nWRL;                        // Low to High Latch Data to AMP506 Buffer
  SET_CS1;


  SET_nRD;
  SET_RS;
  CLR_CS1;
  CLR_nWRL;
  DB16OUT(Dat16bit);
  SET_nWRL;                        // Low to High Latch Data to AMP506 Buffer
  SET_CS1;


}


void Initial_AMP506(void)
{
  AMP506_Command_Write(0x40,0x12);   /*[7:6] Reserved
                                       [5] PLL control pins to select out frequency range
                                       0: 20MHz ~ 100MHz 1: 100MHz ~ 300MHz
                                       [4] Reserved [3] Reserved
                                       [2:1] Output Driving Capability
                                       00: 4mA   01: 8mA   10: 12mA   11: 16mA
                                       [0] Output slew rate
                                       0: Fast 1: Slow
                                      */
  AMP506_Command_Write(0x41,0x01);        //Set PLL=40Mhz * (0x42) / (0x41)
  AMP506_Command_Write(0x42,0x01);        //0x41 [7:6] Reserved [5:0] PLL Programmable
                                       pre-divider, 6bit(1~63)
                                       //0x42 [7:6] Reserved [5:0] PLL Programmable loop
                                       divider, 6bit(1~63)
  AMP506_Command_Write(0x00,0x00);     // MSB of horizontal start coordinate value
  AMP506_Command_Write(0x01,0x00);       // LSB of horizontal start coordinate value
```

AMP506_Command_Write(0x02,0x01);   // MSB of horizontal end coordinate value

AMP506_Command_Write(0x03,0x3F);   // LSB of horizontal end coordinate value

AMP506_Command_Write(0x04,0x00);   // MSB of vertical start coordinate value

AMP506_Command_Write(0x05,0x00);   // LSB of vertical start coordinate value

AMP506_Command_Write(0x06,0x01);   // MSB of vertical end coordinate value

AMP506_Command_Write(0x07,0x3F);   // LSB of vertical end coordinate value

AMP506_Command_Write(0x08,0x01);   // MSB of input image horizontal resolution

AMP506_Command_Write(0x09,0x40);   // LSB of input image horizontal resolution

AMP506_Command_Write(0x0a,0x00);   //[17:16] bits of memory write start address

AMP506_Command_Write(0x0b,0x00);   //[15:8] bits of memory write start address

AMP506_Command_Write(0x0c,0x00);   //[7:0] bits of memory write start address

AMP506_Command_Write(0x10,0x0D);   /*[7] Output data bits swap   0: Normal 1:Swap

[6] Output test mode enable 0: disable 1: enable

[5:4] Serial mode data out bus selection

00: X_ODATA17 ~ X_ODATA12 active , others are set to zero

01: X_ODATA11 ~ X_ODATA06 active , others are set to zero

10: X_ODATA05 ~ X_ODATA00 active , others are set to zero

11: reserved

[3] Output data blanking

0: set output data to 0   **1: Normal display**

[2] Parallel or serial mode selection

0: serial data out   **1: parallel data output**

[1:0] Output clock selection

00: system clock divided by 2

01: system clock divided by 4

10: system clock divided by 8

11: reserved */

AMP506_Command_Write(0x11,0x05);

/*[7] Reserved

[6:4] Even line of serial panel data out sequence or data bus order of parallel panel

000: RGB   001: RBG   010: GRB   011: GBR   100: BRG   101: BGR   Others: reserved

[3] Reversed

[2:0] Odd line of serial panel data out sequence

```
        000: RGB    001: RBG    010: GRB    011: GBR    100: BRG    101: BGR    Others:
reserved    */
        AMP506_Command_Write(0x12,0x00);    // [3:0] MSB of output H sync. pulse start
position
        AMP506_Command_Write(0x13,0x00);    //[7:0] LSB of output H sync. pulse start position
        AMP506_Command_Write(0x14,0x00);    // [3:0] MSB of output H sync. pulse width

        AMP506_Command_Write(0x15,0x10);        //[7:0] LSB of output H sync. pulse width
        AMP506_Command_Write(0x16,0x00);        //[3:0] MSB of output DE horizontal start
position
        AMP506_Command_Write(0x17,0x38);        //[7:0] LSB of output DE horizontal start
position

        AMP506_Command_Write(0x18,0x01);    //[3:0] MSB of output DE horizontal active region in
pixel
        AMP506_Command_Write(0x19,0x40);        //[7:0] LSB of output DE horizontal active region
in pixel
        AMP506_Command_Write(0x1a,0x01);        //[7:4] Reserved [3:0] MSB of output H total in
pixel
        AMP506_Command_Write(0x1b,0xb8);        //[7:0] LSB of output H total in pixel
        AMP506_Command_Write(0x1c,0x00);         //[3:0] MSB of output V sync. pulse start
position
        AMP506_Command_Write(0x1d,0x00);         //[7:0] of output V sync. pulse start position
        AMP506_Command_Write(0x1e,0x00);         //[7:4] Reserved [3:0] MSB of output V sync.
pulse width
        AMP506_Command_Write(0x1f,0x08);         //[7:0] LSB of output V sync. pulse width
        AMP506_Command_Write(0x20,0x00);        // [3:0] MSB of output DE vertical start position
        AMP506_Command_Write(0x21,0x12);         //[7:0] LSB of output DE vertical start position
        AMP506_Command_Write(0x22,0x00);         // [3:0] MSB of output DE vertical active region
in line
        AMP506_Command_Write(0x23,0xf0);         //[7:0] LSB of output DE vertical active region
in line
        AMP506_Command_Write(0x24,0x01);         //[7:4] Reversed [3:0] MSB of output V total in
line
        AMP506_Command_Write(0x25,0x09);         //[7:0] LSB of output V total in line
        AMP506_Command_Write(0x26,0x00);         // [17:16] bits of memory read start address
        AMP506_Command_Write(0x27,0x00);         //[7:0] [15:8] bits of memory read start address
        AMP506_Command_Write(0x28,0x00);         //[7:0] [7:0] bits of memory read start address
        AMP506_Command_Write(0x29,0x01);
```

```
        //[7:1] Reversed [0] Load output timing related setting (H sync., V sync. and DE) to take effect

    AMP506_Command_Write(0x2d,0x08); /* [7:4] Reserved

                                    [3] Output pin X_DCON level control

                                    [2] Output clock inversion      0: Normal 1: Inverse

                                    [1:0] Image rotate

                                      00: 0°   01: 90°   10: 270° 11: 180°

                                    */

    AMP506_Command_Write(0x30,0x00);   //[7:4] Reserved [3:0] MSB of image horizontal shift
value
    AMP506_Command_Write(0x31,0x00);   //[7:0] LSB of image horizontal shift value

    AMP506_Command_Write(0x32,0x00);   //[7:4] Reserved [3:0] MSB of image vertical shift
value
    AMP506_Command_Write(0x33,0x00);   //[7:0] LSB of image vertical shift value

    AMP506_Command_Write(0x34,0x01);

   // [3:0] MSB of image horizontal physical Resolution in memory

    AMP506_Command_Write(0x35,0x40);

    //[7:0] LSB of image horizontal physical resolution in memory


        AMP506_Command_Write(0x36,0x01);

//[7:4] Reserved [3:0] MSB of image vertical physical resolution in memory

        AMP506_Command_Write(0x37,0xe0);

//[7:0] LSB of image vertical physical resolution in memory

}



void AMP506_WindowSet(uint16 S_X,uint16 S_Y,uint16 E_X,uint16 E_Y)

{

        AMP506_80Mode_Command_SendAddress(0x00);

        AMP506_80Mode_Command_SendData((S_X)>>8);

        AMP506_80Mode_Command_SendData(S_X);

        AMP506_80Mode_Command_SendData((E_X-1)>>8);

        AMP506_80Mode_Command_SendData(E_X-1);

        AMP506_80Mode_Command_SendData(S_Y>>8);

        AMP506_80Mode_Command_SendData(S_Y);

        AMP506_80Mode_Command_SendData((E_Y-1)>>8);

        AMP506_80Mode_Command_SendData(E_Y-1);

}


void Full_386SCR(uint16 Dat16bit)
```

```
{
   int32 k,l;
   AMP506_WindowSet(0,0,Resolution_X,Resolution_Y);
   AMP506_80Mode_Command_SendAddress(0xc1);   //_DisplayRAM_WriteEnable_
  for(k=0;k<240*2;k++)
    {
      for(l=0;l<320;l++)
       {
           AMP506_80Mode_16Bit_Memory_SendData(Dat16bit);
         }
     }
   AMP506_80Mode_Command_SendAddress(0x80);   // DisplayRAM_WriteDisable _


}
```

The TFT LCD controller default value is for AM320240N1 already. So we can start
to write our data in a few steps:

Target: To write a 640x240 data to Display RAM and scroll the display data by
change the Horizontal offset register.

9.1   Step 1: Make sure the interface Protocol.

9.2   Step 2: Define the Horizontal ram seize = 640 and Vertical ram size =240
640x240x18bit. REG[34]=0x02 , REG[35]=0x80 , REG[36]=0x00 ,
REG[37]=0xF0

9.3   Step 3: Define the Panel X Size = 320
REG[8]=0x01 , REG[9]=0x40

9.4   Step4: Define the Write window. Start=(0,0)   End=(619,239)
REG[0]=0x00 , REG[1]=0x00 , REG[2]=0x02 , REG[3]=0x6B , // Start X , End
X
REG[4]=0x00 , REG[5]=0x00 , REG[6]=0x00 , REG[7]=0xEF , // Star Y ,End Y

640   REG[34]=0x02
REG[35]=0x80

REG[8]=0x01
REG[9]=0x40

REG[0]=0x00 , REG[1]=0x00 // Start X
REG[4]=0x00 , REG[5]=0x00 // Star Y

240   REG[36]=0x00
REG[37]=0xF0

REG[2]=0x02 , REG[3]=0x6B , // End X
REG[6]=0x00 , REG[7]=0xEF , // End Y
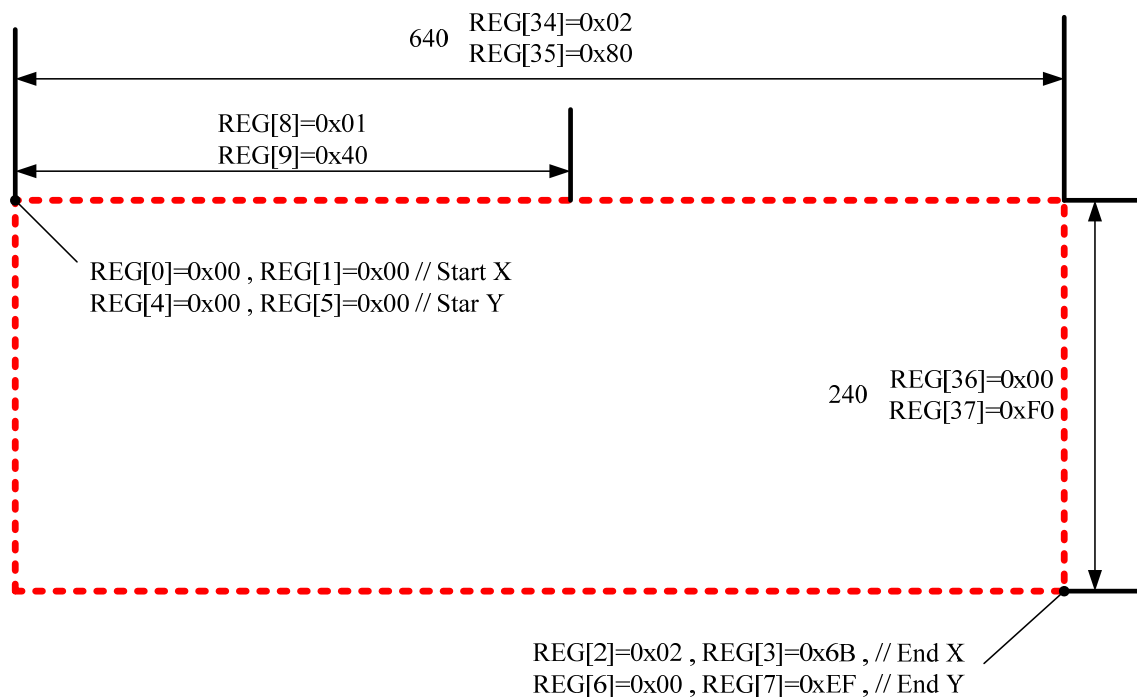
9.5 Step5: Write the 640x240x18 bit data consecutively

9.6 Step6: The display will show the following image.

9.7 Step7: Change the Horizontal offset to switch or scroll the display data.

Set the Horizontal offset = 160 , REG[30]=00 REG[31]=A0 . You will see

9.8 Step8: Change the Horizontal offset to switch or scroll the display data.

Set the Horizontal offset = 320 , REG[30]=01 REG[31]=40 . You will see

DISPLAYED COLOR AND INPUT DATA

	Color & Gray Scale	DATA SIGNAL																	
		R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0
Basic Color	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(0)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(0)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(0)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Red	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(62)	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(61)	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	Red(31)	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	Red(1)	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(0)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Green	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(61)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	Green(31)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	Green(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(0)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Blue	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	Blue(61)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	Blue(31)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	Blue(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue(0)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1

10 QUALITY AND RELIABILITY

10.1 TEST CONDITIONS

Tests should be conducted under the following conditions :

Ambient temperature   : $25 \pm 5°C$

Humidity   : $60 \pm 25\%$ RH.
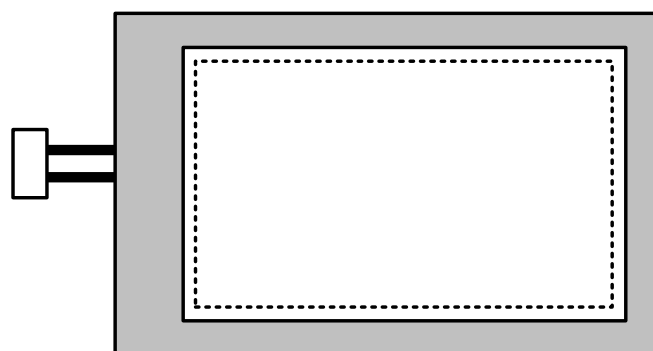
10.2 SAMPLING PLAN

Sampling method shall be in accordance with MIL-STD-105E , level II, normal single sampling plan .

10.3 ACCEPTABLE QUALITY LEVEL

A major defect is defined as one that could cause failure to or materially reduce the usability of the unit for its intended purpose. A minor defect is one that does not materially reduce the usability of the unit for its intended purpose or is an infringement from established standards and has no significant bearing on its effective use or operation.

10.4 APPEARANCE

An appearance test should be conducted by human sight at approximately 30 cm distance from the LCD module under flourescent light. The inspection area of LCD panel shall be within the range of following limits.
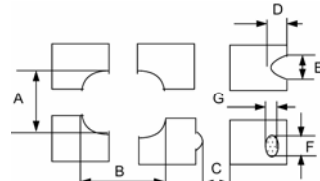
Zone A (Active Area)
Zone B (Viewing Area)
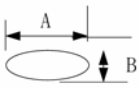
10.5 INSPECTION QUALITY CRITERIA

No.	Item	Criterion for defects	Defect type
1	Non display	No non display is allowed	Major
2	Irregular operation	No irregular operation is allowed	Major
3	Short	No short are allowed	Major
4	Open	Any segments or common patterns that don't activate are rejectable.	Major
5	Black/White spot (I)	<table><tr><td>Size D (mm)</td><td>Acceptable number</td></tr><tr><td>D ≤ 0.15</td><td>Ignore</td></tr><tr><td>0.15 < D ≤ 0.20</td><td>3</td></tr><tr><td>0.20 < D ≤ 0.30</td><td>2</td></tr><tr><td>0.30 < D</td><td>0</td></tr></table>	Minor
6	Black/White line (I)	<table><tr><td>Length(mm)</td><td></td><td>Acceptable number</td></tr><tr><td>10 < L</td><td>0.03 < W ≤ 0.04</td><td>5</td></tr><tr><td>5.0 < L ≤ 10</td><td>0.04 < W ≤ 0.06</td><td>3</td></tr><tr><td>1.0 < L ≤ 5.0</td><td>0.06 < W ≤ 0.07</td><td>2</td></tr><tr><td>L ≤ 1.0</td><td>0.07 < W ≤ 0.09</td><td>1</td></tr></table>	Minor
7	Black/White sport (II)	<table><tr><td>Size D (mm)</td><td>Acceptable number</td></tr><tr><td>D ≤ 0.30</td><td>Ignore</td></tr><tr><td>0.30 < D ≤ 0.50</td><td>5</td></tr><tr><td>0.50 < D ≤ 1.20</td><td>3</td></tr><tr><td>1.20 < D</td><td>0</td></tr></table>	Minor
8	Black/White line (II)	<table><tr><td>Length (mm)</td><td>Width (mm)</td><td>Acceptable number</td></tr><tr><td>20 < L</td><td>0.05 < W ≤ 0.07</td><td>5</td></tr><tr><td>10 < L ≤ 20</td><td>0.07 < W ≤ 0.09</td><td>3</td></tr><tr><td>5.0 < L ≤ 10</td><td>0.09 < W ≤ 0.10</td><td>2</td></tr><tr><td>L ≤ 5.0</td><td>0.10 < W ≤ 0.15</td><td>1</td></tr></table>	Minor
9	Back Light	1. No Lighting is rejectable 2. Flickering and abnormal lighting are rejectable	Major
10	Display pattern	Unit:mm $$\frac{A+B}{2} \le 0.30 \quad 0 < C \quad \frac{D+E}{2} \le 0.25 \quad \frac{F+G}{2} \le 0.25$$ Note: 1. Acceptable up to 3 damages 2. NG if there're to two or more pinholes per dot	Minor

Preliminary
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or in part to any third part without the prior written consent of AMP DISPLAY

11	Blemish & Foreign matters Size: $D = \dfrac{A+B}{2}$	**Size D (mm)** / **Acceptable number** D ≤ 0.15 — Ignore 0.15 < D ≤ 0.20 — 3 0.20 < D ≤ 0.30 — 2 0.30 < D — 0		Minor

	Size D (mm)	Acceptable number
	D ≤ 0.15	Ignore
	0.15 < D ≤ 0.20	3
	0.20 < D ≤ 0.30	2
	0.30 < D	0

| 12 | Scratch on Polarizer | | | Minor |

Width (mm)	Length (mm)	Acceptable number
W≤0.03	Ignore	Ignore
	L ≤ 2.0	Ignore
0.03<W≤0.05	L > 2.0	1
	L > 1.0	1
0.05<W≤0.08	L ≤ 1.0	Ignore
	Note (1)	Note(1)
0.08<W		

Note(1) Regard as a blemish

| 13 | Bubble in polarizer | | | Minor |

Size D (mm)	Acceptable number
D ≤ 0.20	Ignore
0.20 < D ≤ 0.50	3
0.50 < D ≤ 0.80	2
0.80 < D	0

No.	Item	Description	Classification
14	Stains on LCD panel surface	Stains that cannot be removed even when wiped lightly with a soft cloth or similar cleaning too are rejectable.	Minor
15	Rust in Bezel	Rust which is visible in the bezel is rejectable.	Minor
16	Defect of land surface contact (poor soldering)	Evident crevices which is visible are rejectable.	Minor
17	Parts mounting	1. Failure to mount parts 2. Parts not in the specifications are mounted 3. Polarity, for example, is reversed	Major Major Major
18	Parts alignment	1. LSI, IC lead width is more than 50% beyond pad outline. 2. Chip component is off center and more than 50% of the leads is off the pad outline.	Minor Minor

19	Conductive foreign matter (Solder ball, Solder chips)	1. 0.45<φ ,N≥1
		2. 0.30<φ≤0.45 ,N≥1
		    φ:Average diameter of solder ball (unit: mm)
		3. 0.50<L ,N≥1
		    L: Average length of solder chip (unit: mm)
			Major
			Minor
			
			Minor

20	Faulty PCB correction	1. Due to PCB copper foil pattern burnout, the pattern is connected, using a jumper wire for repair; 2 or more places are corrected per PCB. 2. Short circuited part is cut, and no resist coating has been performed.	Minor Minor

21	Defect Dot	The TFT panel may have bright dot or Dark dot. The acceptable number defection:				Minor
		Bright dot	Dark dot	Total dot	Distance between Dark-- dark	
		2	3	4	L ≥ 5 mm	

11 Reliability test items :

Test Item	Test Conditions	Note
High Temperature Operation	70±3°C , t=96 hrs	
Low Temperature Operation	-20±3°C , t=96 hrs	
High Temperature Storage	80±3°C , t=96 hrs	1,2
Low Temperature Storage	-30±3°C , t=96 hrs	1,2
Humidity Test	40°C , Humidity 90%, 96 hrs	1,2
Thermal Shock Test	-30°C ~ 25°C ~ 80°C 30 min. 5 min. 30 min. (1 cycle) Total 5 cycle	1,2
Vibration Test (Packing)	Sweep frequency：10~55~10 Hz/1min Amplitude : 0.75mm Test direction : X.Y.Z/3 axis Duration : 30min/each axis	2
Static Electricity	150pF 330 ohm ±8kV, 10times air discharge 150pF 330 ohm ±4kV, 10times contact discharge	

Note 1 : Condensation of water is not permitted on the module.

Note 2 : The module should be inspected after 1 hour storage in normal conditions
(15-35°C , 45-65%RH).

Definitions of life end point :

- Current drain should be smaller than the specific value.
- Function of the module should be maintained.
- Appearance and display quality should not have degraded noticeably.
- Contrast ratio should be greater than 50% of the initial value.

12 USE PRECAUTIONS

12.1 Handling precautions

1) The polarizing plate may break easily so be careful when handling it. Do not touch, press or rub it with a hard-material tool like tweezers.

2) Do not touch the polarizing plate surface with bare hands so as not to make it dirty. If the surface or other related part of the polarizing plate is dirty, soak a soft cotton cloth or chamois leather in benzine and wipe off with it. Do not use chemical liquids such as acetone, toluene and isopropyl alcohol. Failure to do so may bring chemical reaction phenomena and deteriorations.

3) Remove any spit or water immediately. If it is left for hours, the suffered part may deform or decolorize.

4) If the LCD element breaks and any LC stuff leaks, do not suck or lick it. Also if LC stuff is stuck on your skin or clothing, wash thoroughly with soap and water immediately.

12.2 Installing precautions

1) The PCB has many ICs that may be damaged easily by static electricity. To prevent breaking by static electricity from the human body and clothing, earth the human body properly using the high resistance and discharge static electricity during the operation. In this case, however, the resistance value should be approx. 1MΩ and the resistance should be placed near the human body rather than the ground surface. When the indoor space is dry, static electricity may occur easily so be careful. We recommend the indoor space should be kept with humidity of 60% or more. When a soldering iron or other similar tool is used for assembly, be sure to earth it.

2) When installing the module and ICs, do not bend or twist them. Failure to do so may crack LC element and cause circuit failure.

3) To protect LC element, especially polarizing plate, use a transparent protective plate (e.g., acrylic plate, glass etc) for the product case.

4) Do not use an adhesive like a both-side adhesive tape to make LCD surface (polarizing plate) and product case stick together. Failure to do so may cause the polarizing plate to peel off.

12.3 Storage precautions

1) Avoid a high temperature and humidity area. Keep the temperature between 0°C and 35°C and also the humidity under 60%.

2) Choose the dark spaces where the product is not exposed to direct sunlight or fluorescent light.

3) Store the products as they are put in the boxes provided from us or in the same conditions as we recommend.

12.4 Operating precautions

1) Do not boost the applied drive voltage abnormally. Failure to do so may break ICs. When applying power voltage, check the electrical features beforehand and be careful. Always turn off the power to the LC module controller before removing or inserting the LC module input connector. If the input connector is removed or inserted while the power is turned on, the LC module internal circuit may break.

2) The display response may be late if the operating temperature is under the normal standard, and the display may be out of order if it is above the normal standard. But this is not a failure; this will be restored if it is within the normal standard.

3) The LCD contrast varies depending on the visual angle, ambient temperature, power voltage etc. Obtain the optimum contrast by adjusting the LC dive voltage.

4) When carrying out the test, do not take the module out of the low-temperature space suddenly. Failure to do so will cause the module condensing, leading to malfunctions.

5) Make certain that each signal noise level is within the standard (L level: 0.2Vdd or less and H level: 0.8Vdd or more) even if the module has functioned properly. If it is beyond the standard, the module may often malfunction. In addition, always connect the module when making noise level measurements.

6) The CMOS ICs are incorporated in the module and the pull-up and pull-down function is not adopted for the input so avoid putting the input signal open while the power is ON.

7) The characteristic of the semiconductor element changes when it is exposed to light emissions, therefore ICs on the LCD may malfunction if they receive light emissions. To prevent these malfunctions, design and assemble ICs so that they are shielded from light emissions.

8) Crosstalk occurs because of characteristics of the LCD. In general, crosstalk occurs when the regularized display is maintained. Also, crosstalk is affected by the LC drive voltage. Design the contents of the display, considering crosstalk.

12.5 Other

1) Do not disassemble or take the LC module into pieces. The LC modules once disassembled or taken into pieces are not the guarantee articles.

2) The residual image may exist if the same display pattern is shown for hours. This residual image, however, disappears when another display pattern is shown or the drive is interrupted and left for a while. But this is not a problem on reliability.

3) AMIPRE will provide one year warrantee for all products and three months warrantee for all repairing products.

13 OUTLINE DIMENSION

13.1 OUTLINE DIMENSION