

A Brighter Solution

AMP DISPLAY INC.

SPECIFICATIONS

8.0-in COLOR TFT MODULE

CUSTOMER:	
CUSTOMER PART NO.	
AMP DISPLAY PART NO.	AM - 800600CTMQW-01H
APPROVED BY:	
DATE:	

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APPROVED FOR SPECIFICATIONS

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APPROVED FOR SPECIFICATION AND PROTOTYPES

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RECORD OF REVISION

Revision Date	Page	Contents	Editor
2007/7/11 2007/9/20	-	New Release Modify LCM drawing	Edward Lorry

1. Features

8 inch Amorphous-TFT-LCD (Thin Film Transistor Liquid Crystal Display) module.
This module is composed of a 8" TFT-LCD panel and backlight unit.

- (1) Construction: 8" a-Si TFT active matrix, White LED Backlight .
 - (2) Resolution (pixel): 800(R.G.B) X600
 - (3) Number of the Colors : 262K colors (R , G , B 6 bit digital each)
 - (4) LCD type : Transmissive , normally White
 - (5) Interface: 60 pin
 - (6) Power Supply Voltage: 3.3V single power input.
- Viewing Direction: 6 O'clock (The direction it's hard to be discolored)

2. PHYSICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Item	Specifications	unit
LCD size	8 inch (Diagonal)	
Resolution	800 x 3(RGB) x 600	dot
Dot pitch	0.0675(W) x 0.2025(H)	mm
Active area	162.0(W) x 121.5(H)	mm
Module size	183.0(W) x 141.0(H) x 6.3(D)	mm
Surface treatment	Anti-Glare	
Color arrangement	RGB-stripe	
interface	Digital	
Weight	TBD	g

3. ABSOLUTE MAX. RATINGS

(GND = AVSS = 0V, Note 2)

Item	Symbol	Values		UNIT	Note
		Min.	Max.		
Power voltage	VCC	-0.3	5	V	
	AVDD	-0.5	13.5		
	VGH	TBD	TBD		
	VGL	TBD	TBD		
	VGH-VGL	--	33.0		
Input signal voltage	V1~V7	0.4AVDD	AVDD+0.3	V	Note 1
	V8~V14	-0.3	0.6AVDD	V	Note 1
Operation temperature	TOP	(-30)	(85)	°C	
Storage temperature	TST	(-40)	(95)	°C	

Note 1: $AVDD - 0.1 \geq V1 \geq V2 \geq V3 \geq V4 \geq V5 \geq V6 \geq V7 \geq V8 \geq V9 \geq V10 \geq V11 \geq V12 \geq V13 \geq V14 \geq AVSS + 0.1$

Note 2: The absolute maximum rating values of the module should not be exceeded. Once exceeded absolute maximum rating values, the characteristics of the module may not be recovered. Even in an extreme condition, may result in module permanently destroyed.

4. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

4-1 Typical Operation Conditions

(GND = AVSS = 0V, Note 1)

Item	Symbol	Values			UNIT	Note
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Power voltage	VCC	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	Note2
	AVDD	--	10.0	--		
	VGH	--	(16.0)	--		
	VGL	--	(-7.0)	--		
Input signal voltage	VCOM	--	TBD	--	V	
	V1~V7	0.4 AVDD	--	AVDD-0.1		
	V8~V14	0.1	--	0.6 AVDD		
Input logic high voltage	VIH	0.7VCC	--	VCC	V	Note3
Input logic low voltage	VIL	0	--	0.3 VCC	V	

Note 1: Be sure to apply GND, VCC, and VGL, to the LCD first, and then apply VGH.

Note 2: VCC setting should match the signals output voltage (refer to Note 3) of customer's system board.

Note 3: STHL, STHR, OEH, L/R, CPH1~CPH3, STVD, STVU, OEV, CKV, U/D.

4-2 Current Consumption

(GND = AVSS = 0V)

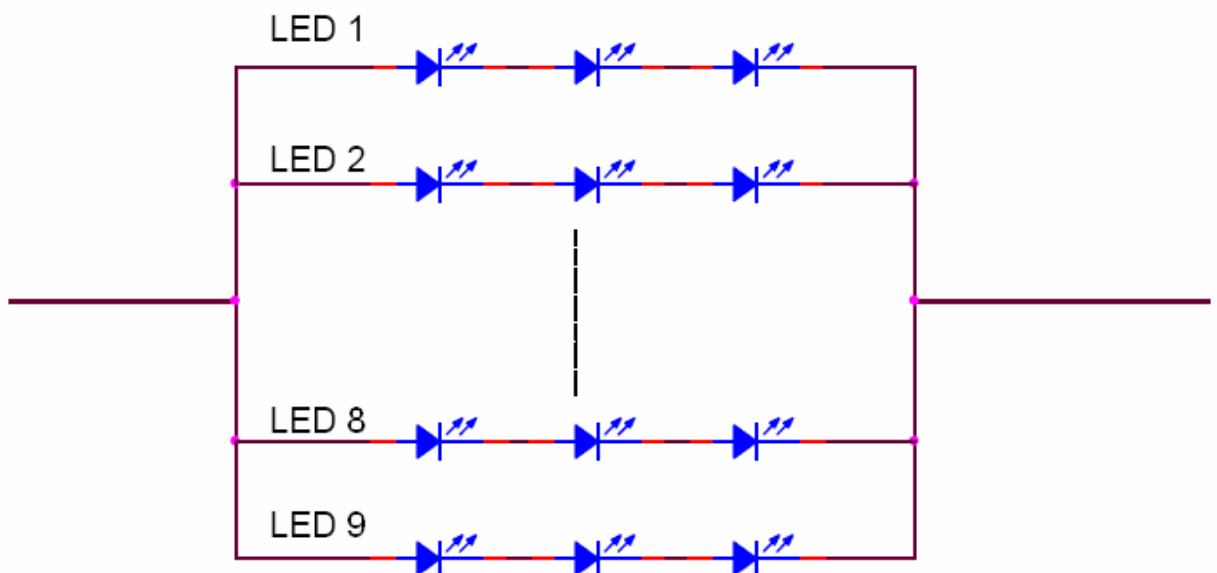
Item	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Current for Driver	IGH	--	TBD	TBD	mA	VGH = 16.0V
	IGL	--	TBD	TBD	mA	VGL = -7.0V
	ICC	--	TBD	TBD	mA	VCC = 3.3V
	IAVDD	--	TBD	TBD	mA	AVDD = 10.0V

4-3 Backlight Driving Conditions

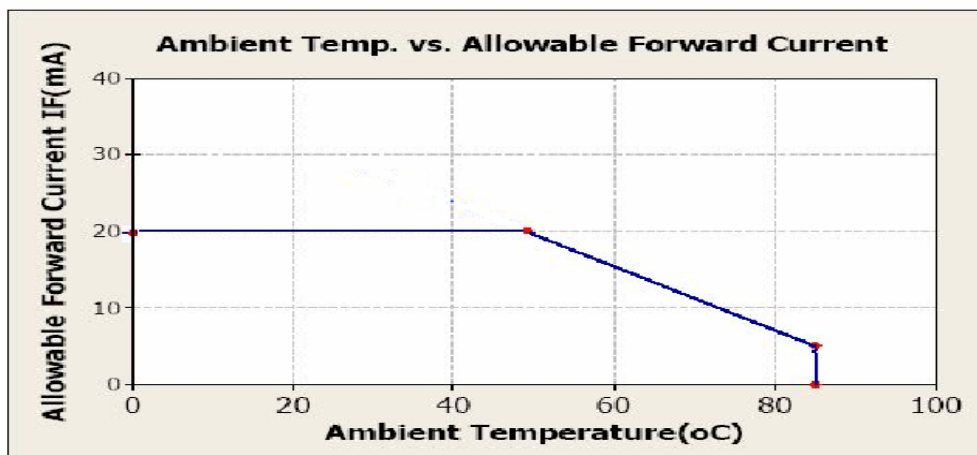
Item	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
LED voltage	VL	--	9.9	10.5	V	Note 1
LED current	IL	--	20	--	mA	Note 1
LED life time	--	20,000	--	--	Hr	Note 2

Note 1 : The LED driving condition is defined for each LED module. (3 LED Serial)

Note 2 : The “LED life time” is defined as the module brightness decrease to 50% original brightness that ambient temperature is 25°C and IL = 20mA.

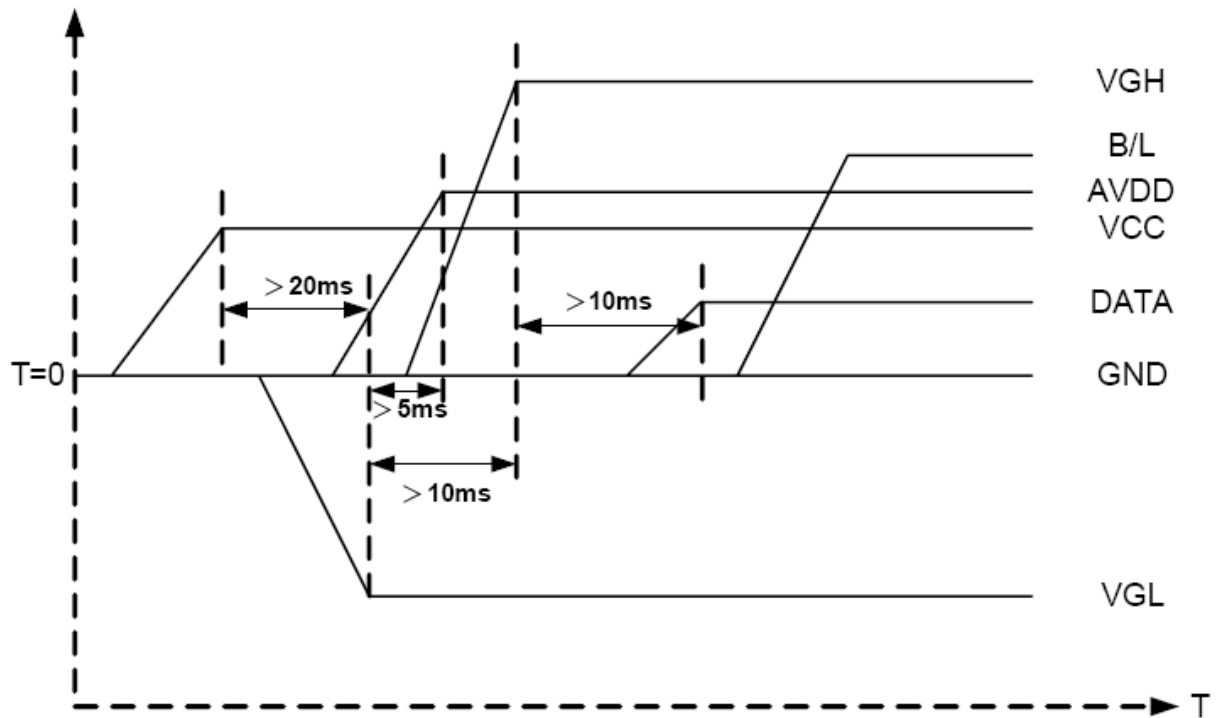


Note 3 : When LCM is operated over 40°C ambient temperature, the ILED of each LED module (3 LED Serial) should be follow :



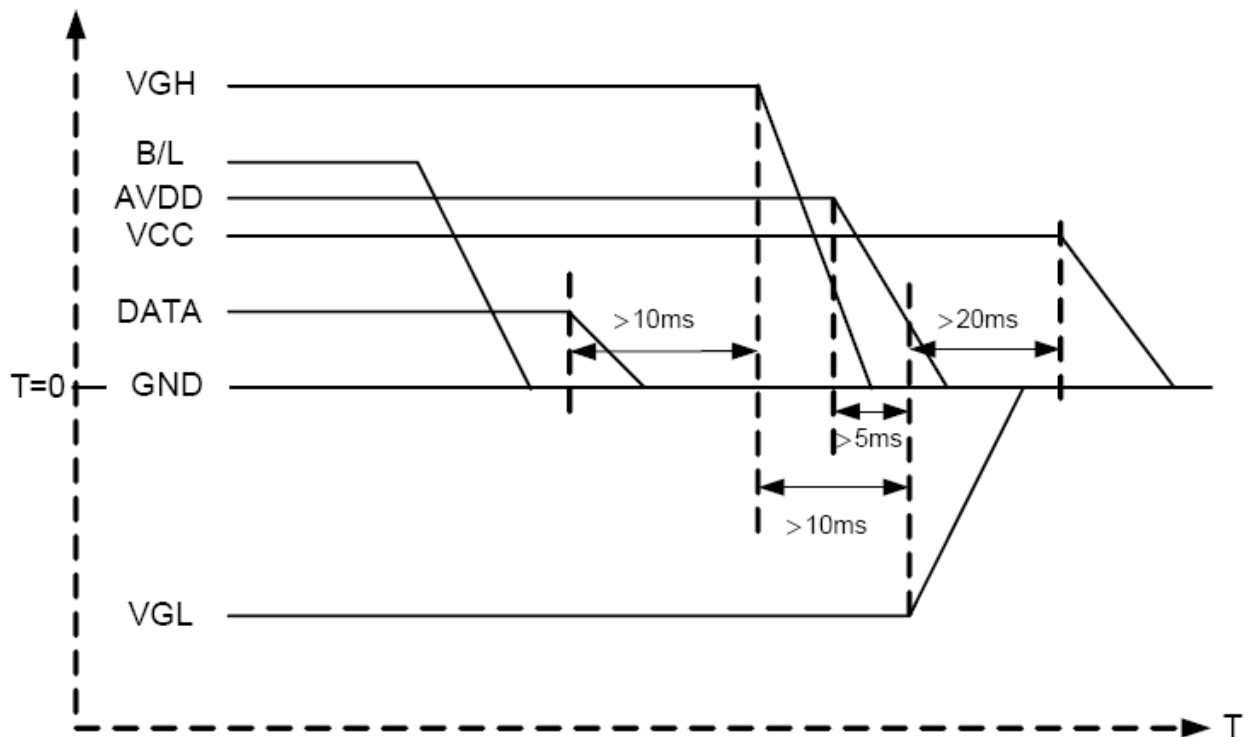
4-4 Power Sequence

4-4-1 Power on :



VCC→VGL→VGH→Data→B/L

4-4-2 Power off :



B/L→Data→VGH→VGL→VCC

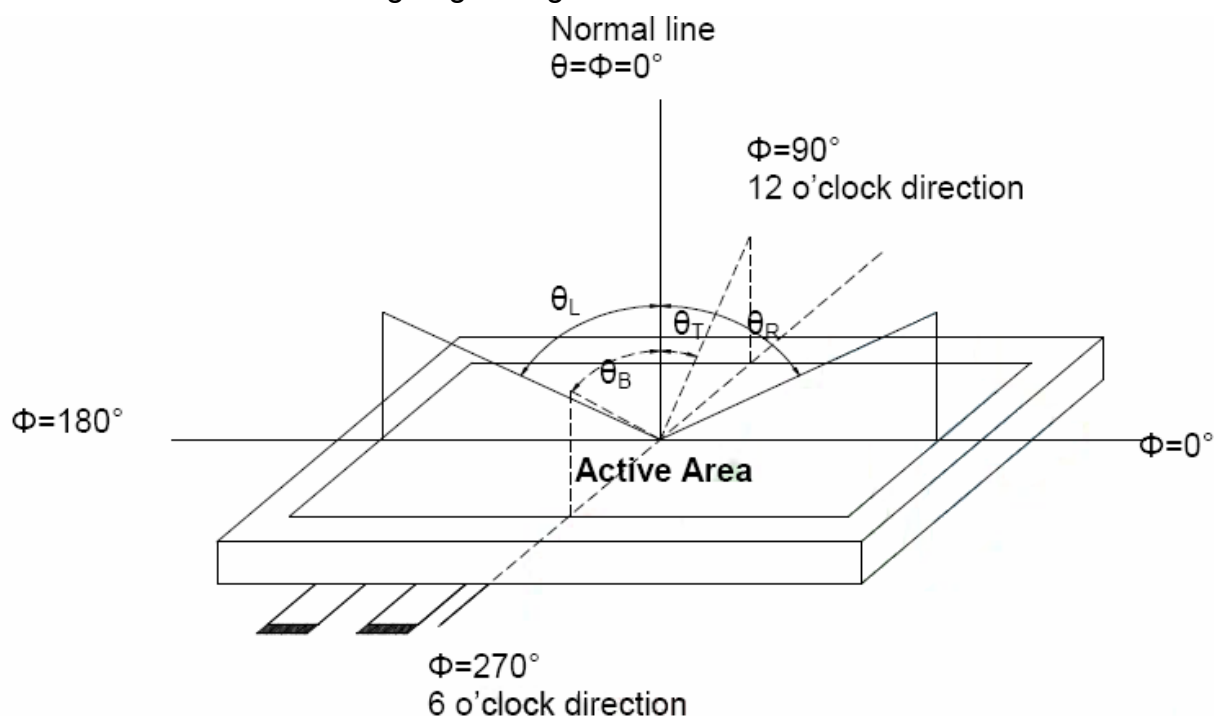
5. Optical Specifications

Item	Symbol	Condition	Values			Unit	Note
			Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Viewing angle ($CR \geq 10$)	θL	$\Phi = 180^\circ$ (9 o'clock)	(60)	(70)	--	degree	Note1
	θR	$\Phi = 0^\circ$ (3 o'clock)	(60)	(70)	--		
	θT	$\Phi = 90^\circ$ (12 o'clock)	(40)	(50)	--		
	θB	$\Phi = 270^\circ$ (6 o'clock)	(60)	(70)	--		
Response time	TON	Normal $\theta = \Phi = 0^\circ$	--	(10)	TBD	msec	Note3
	TOFF		--	(15)	TBD	msec	
Contrast ratio	CR		(400)	(500)	--	--	Note4
Color chromaticity	WX		(0.26)	(0.31)	(0.35)	--	Note5
	WY		(0.28)	(0.33)	(0.38)	--	Note6
Luminance	L		200	(250)	--	cd/m ²	Note6
Luminance uniformity	YU		70	75	--	%	Note7

Test Conditions :

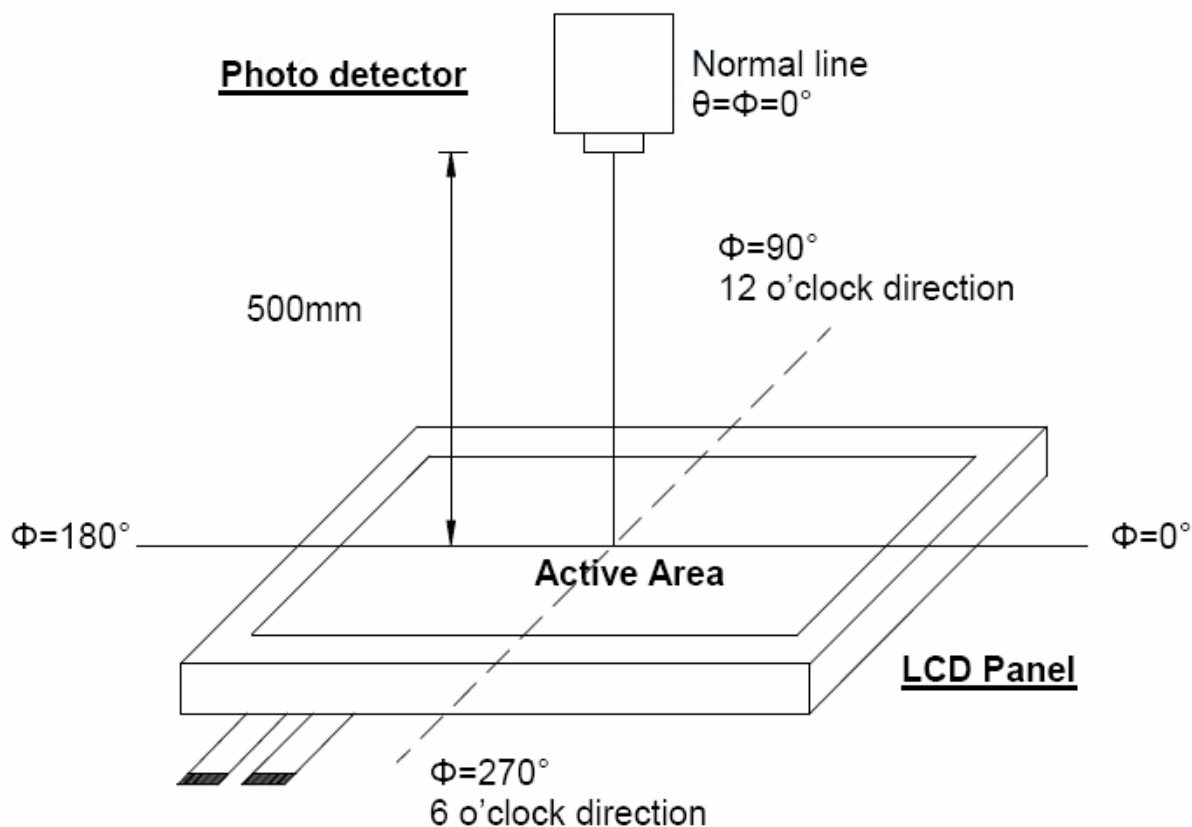
1. VCC = 3.3V, $I_L = 20\text{mA}$ (Backlight current), the ambient temperature is 25°C.
2. The test systems refer to Note 2.

Note 1 : Definition of viewing angle range



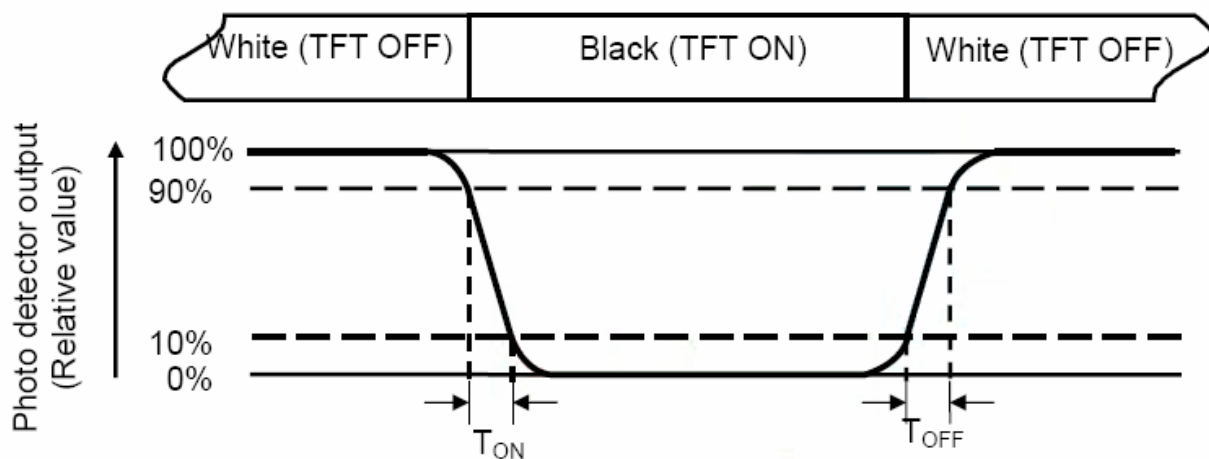
Note 2 : Definition of optical measurement system.

The optical characteristics should be measured in dark room. After 30 minutes operation, the optical properties are measured at the center point of the LCD screen. (Response time is measured by Photo detector TOPCON BM-7, other items are measured by BM-5A/Field of view : 1° / Height : 500mm.)



Note 3 : Definition of Response time

The response time is defined as the LCD optical switching time interval between “White” state and “Black” state. Rise time (T_{ON}) is the time between photo detector output intensity changed from 90% to 10%. And fall time (T_{OFF}) is the time between photo detector output intensity changed from 10% to 90%.



Note 4 : Definition of contrast ratio

$$\text{Contrast ratio (CR)} = \frac{\text{Luminance measured when LCD on the "White" state}}{\text{Luminance measured when LCD on the "Black" state}}$$

Note 5 : Definition of color chromaticity (CIE1931)

Color coordinated measured at center point of LCD.

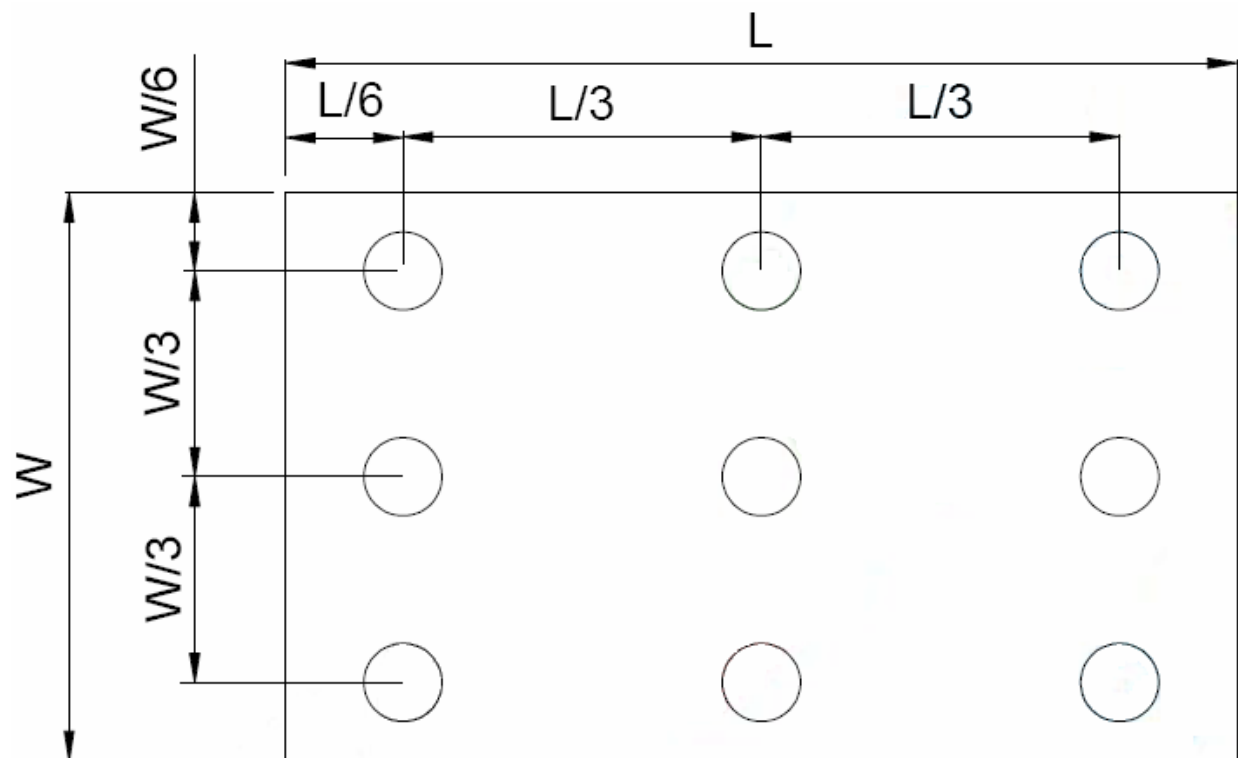
Note 6 : All input terminals LCD panel must be ground when measuring the center area of the panel.

Note 7 : Definition of Luminance Uniformity

Active area is divided into 9 measuring areas (Refer to bellow figure). Every measuring point is placed at the center of each measuring area.

$$\text{Luminance Uniformity (Yu)} = \frac{B_{\min}}{B_{\max}}$$

L ----- Active area length W ----- Active area width



$B_{\max}$: The measured maximum luminance of all measurement position.

$B_{\min}$: The measured minimum luminance of all measurement position.

6. INTERFACE

TFT LCD Panel Driving Section

Pin No.	Symbol	I/O	Description	Note
1	POL	I	Polarity selection	
2	STVD	I/O	Vertical start pulse input when U/D = H	Note 1
3	OEV	I	Output enable	
4	CKV	I	Vertical clock	
5	STVU	I/O	Vertical start pulse input when U/D = L	Note 1
6	GND	P	Power ground	
7	EDGSL	I	Select rising edge or rising/falling edge	
8	VCC	P	Power supply for digital circuit	
9	V9	I	Gamma voltage level 9	
10	VGL	P	Gate OFF voltage	
11	V2	I	Gamma voltage level 2	
12	VGH	P	Gate ON voltage	
13	V6	I	Gamma voltage level 6	
14	U/D	I	Up/down selection	Note 1,2
15	VCOM	I	Common voltage	
16	GND	P	Power ground	
17	AVDD	P	Power supply for analog circuit	
18	V14	I	Gamma voltage level 14	
19	V11	I	Gamma voltage level 11	
20	V8	I	Gamma voltage level 8	
21	V5	I	Gamma voltage level 5	
22	V3	I	Gamma voltage level 3	
23	GND	P	Power ground	
24	R5	I	Red data (MSB)	
25	R4	I	Red data	
26	R3	I	Red data	
27	R2	I	Red data	
28	R1	I	Red data	
29	R0	I	Red data (LSB)	

30	GND	P	Power ground	
31	GND	P	Power ground	
32	G5	I	Green data (MSB)	
33	G4	I	Green data	
34	G3	I	Green data	
35	G2	I	Green data	
36	G1	I	Green data	
37	G0	I	Green data (LSB)	
38	STHL	I/O	Horizontal start pulse input when R/L = H	Note 1
39	REV	P	Control signal are inverted or not	
40	GND	I	Power ground	
41	DCLK	I	Sample clock	
42	VCC	P	Voltage for digital circuit	
43	STHR	I/O	Horizontal start pulse input when R/L = L	Note 1
44	LD	I	Latches the polarity of outputs and switches the new data to outputs	
45	B5	I	Blue data (MSB)	
46	B4	I	Blue data	
47	B3	I	Blue data	
48	B2	I	Blue data	
49	B1	I	Blue data	
50	B0	I	Blue data (LSB)	
51	R/L	I	Right / left selection	Note 1,2
52	V1	I	Gamma voltage level 1	
53	V4	I	Gamma voltage level 4	
54	V7	I	Gamma voltage level 7	
55	V10	I	Gamma voltage level 10	
56	V12	I	Gamma voltage level 12	
57	V13	I	Gamma voltage level 13	
58	AVDD	P	Voltage for analog circuit	
59	GND	P	Power ground	
60	VCOM	I	Common voltage	

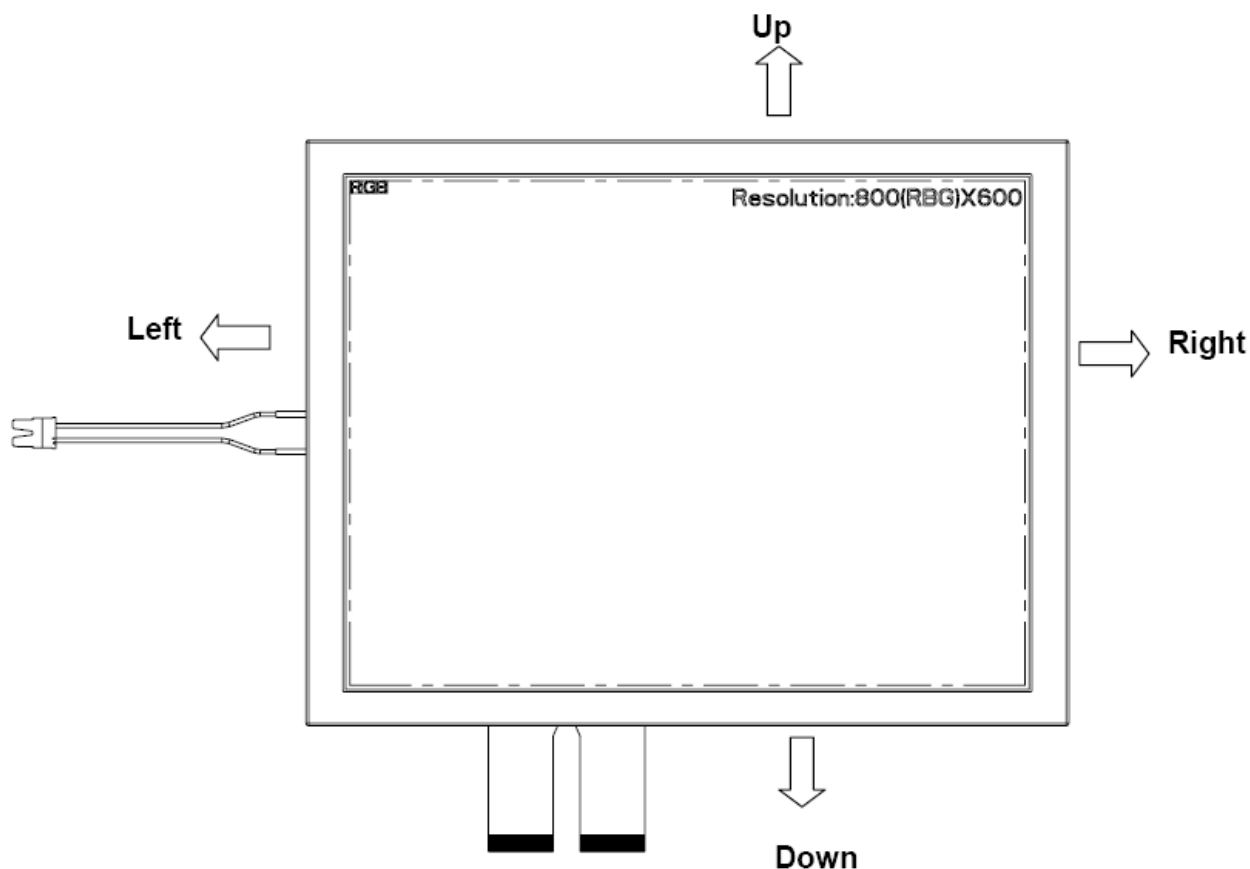
I : input, O : output, P : power

Note 1: Selection of scanning mode

Setting of scan control input		IN/OUT state for start pulse				Scanning direction
U/D	R/L	STVD	STVU	STHR	STHL	
GND	VCC	O	I	O	I	Up to down, left to right
VCC	GND	I	O	I	O	Down to up, right to left
GND	GND	O	I	I	O	Up to down, right to left
VCC	VCC	I	O	O	I	Down to up, left to right

Note 2 : Definition of scanning direction.

Refer to the figure as below :



Note 3: When REV = "L", normally

REV = "H", these data will be inverted.

Backlight Unit Section

Pin No.	Symbol	I/O	Description	Note
1	HI	P	Power supply for backlight unit	Pink
2	GND	P	Ground for backlight unit	White

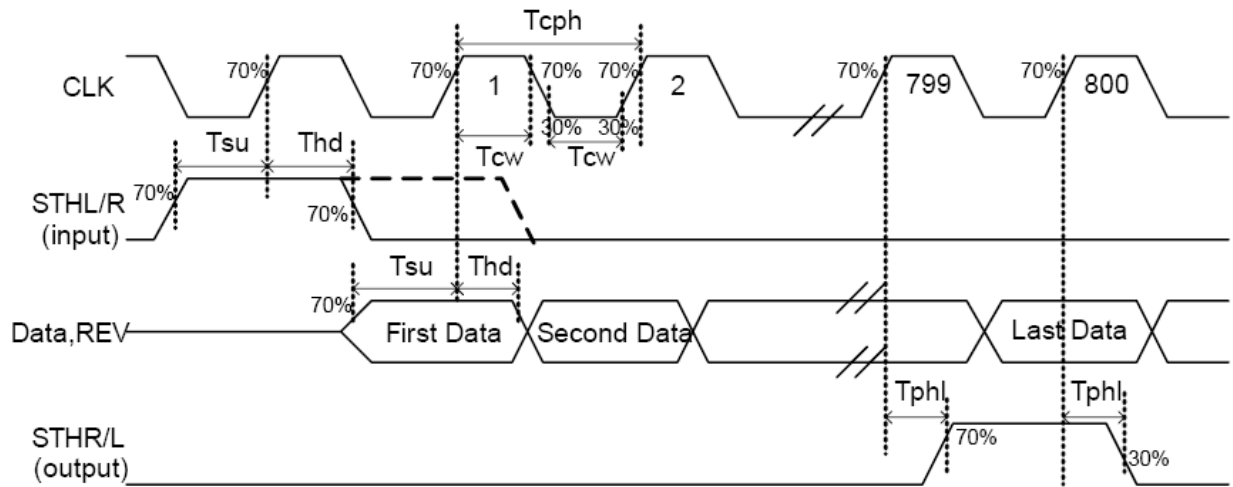
7. INPUT SIGNAL :

7-1 Timing Specification

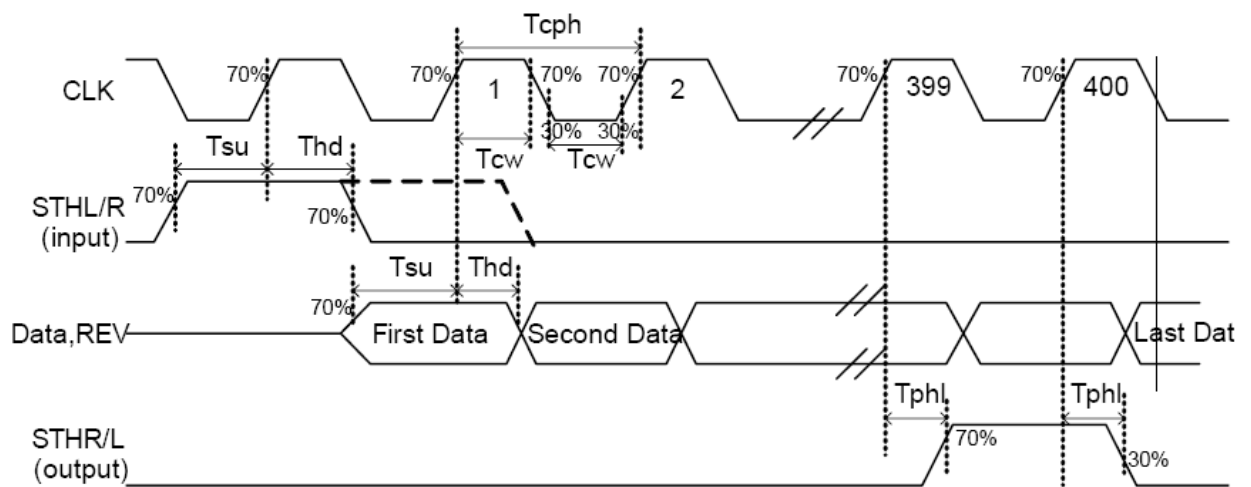
Item	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
DCLK frequency	Fdclk	--	40	45	MHz	
DCLK cycle	Tcph	22	25	--	ns	
DCLK pulse width	Tcw	8	--	--	ns	
Data set-up time	Tsu	4	--	--	ns	
Date hold time	Thd	2	--	--	ns	
Time that the last data to LD	Tld	1	--	--	Tcph	
Pulse width of LD	Twld	2	--	--	Tcph	
Time that LD to STHL/R	Tlds	5	--	--	Tcph	
POL set-up time	Tpsu	6	--	--	ns	
POL hold time	Tphd	6	--	--	ns	
OEV pulse width	Toev	1	--	--	us	
CKV pulse width	Tckv	2.5	--	--	us	
Horizontal display timing range	Tdh	--	800	--	Tcph	
Horizontal timing range	Th	--	1056	--	Tcph	
STV setup time	Tsuv	700	--	--	ns	
STV hold time	Thdv	700	--	--	ns	
Horizontal lines per field	Tv	628	635	650	Tdh	
Vertical display timing range	Tvd	--	600	--	Tdh	

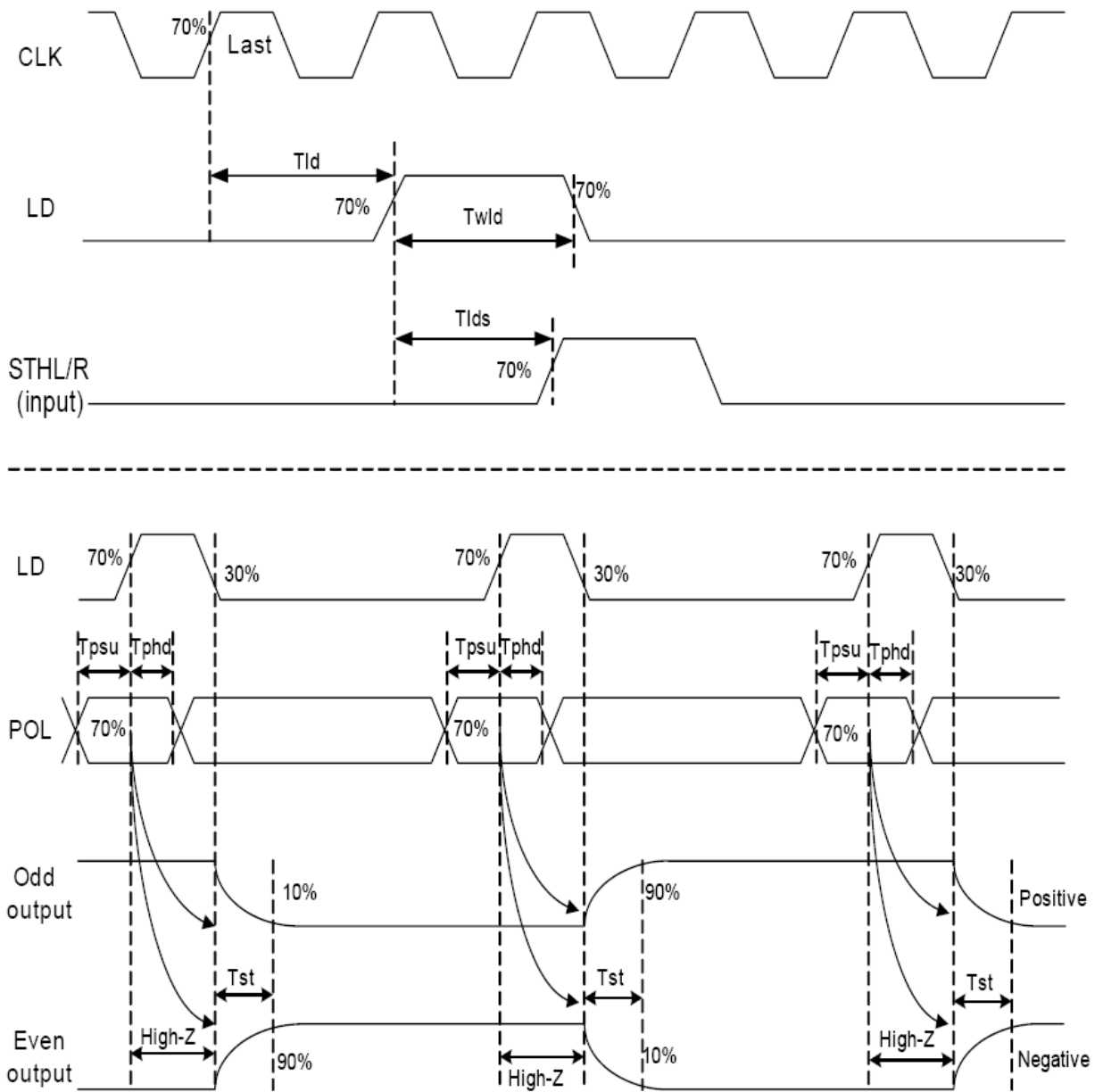
7-2 Timing Characteristic

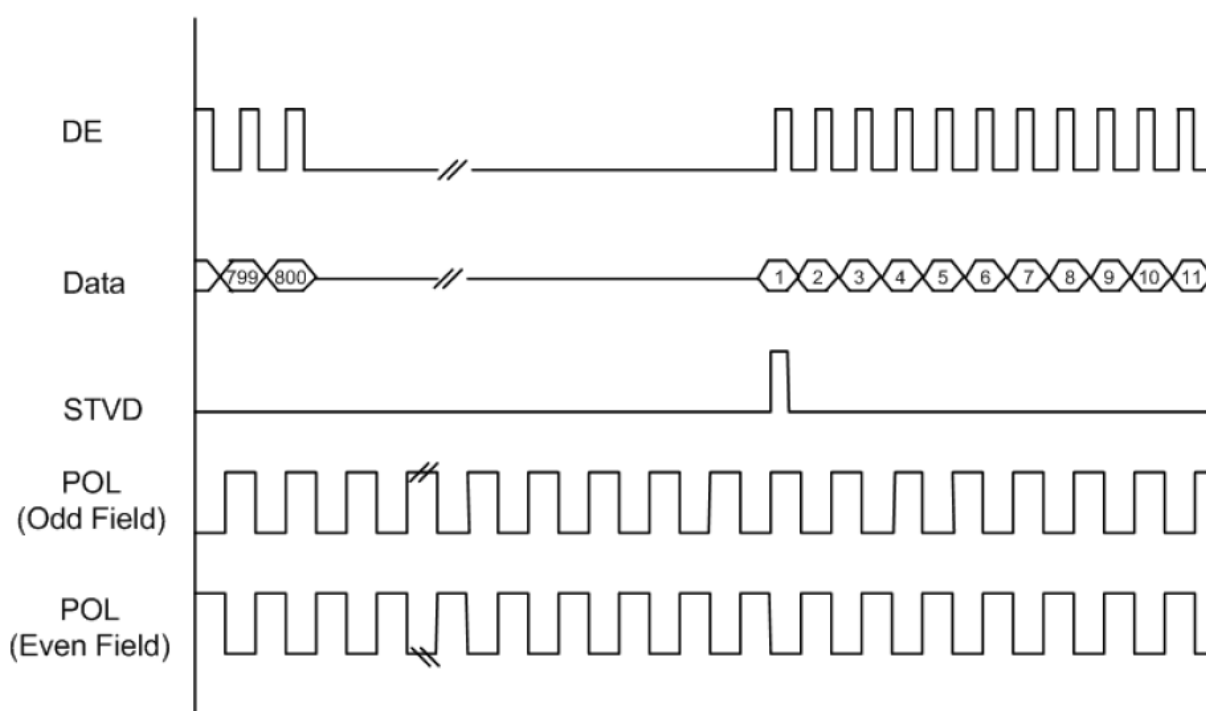
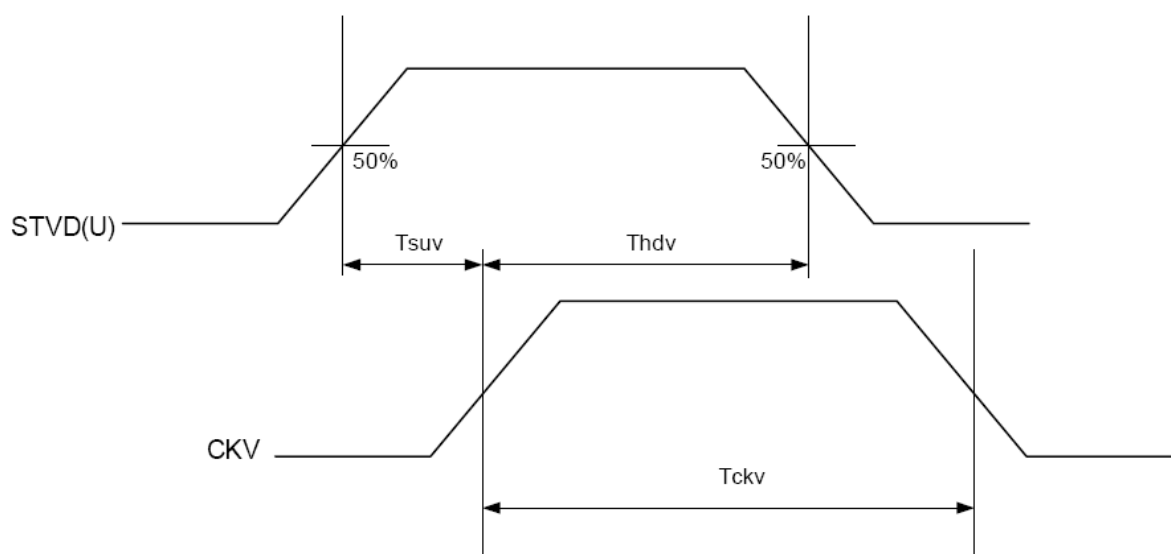
EDGSL=L or open



EDGSL=H







8. RELIABILITY TEST CONDITIONS

(Note 3)

Item	Test Conditions	Note
High Temperature Storage	Ta = (95°C) 240 hrs	Note 1
Low Temperature Storage	Ta = (-40°C) 240 hrs	Note 1
High Temperature Operation	Ts = (85°C) 240 hrs	Note 2
Low Temperature Operation	Ta = (-30°C) 240 hrs	Note1
Operate at High Temperature and Humidity	+60°C, 90%RH 240 hrs	
Thermal Shock	-40°C /30 min ~ +95°C /30 min for a total 100 cycles, Start with cold temperature and end with high temperature	
Vibration Test	Frequency range : 10 ~ 55Hz Stroke : 1.5mm Sweep : 10Hz ~ 55Hz ~ 10Hz 2 hours for each direction of X. Y. Z. (6 hours for total)	
Mechanical Shock	100G 6ms, ±X, ±Y, ±Z 3 times for each direction	
Package Vibration Test	Random Vibration : 0.015G*G/Hz from 5-200HZ, -6dB/Octave from 200-500Hz 2 hours for each direction of X. Y. Z. (6 hours for total)	
Package Drop Test	Height : 60 cm 1 comer, 3 edges, 6 surfaces	
Electro Static Discharge	±2KV, Human Body Mode, 100pF/1500Ω	

Note 1 : Ta is the ambient temperature of samples.

Note 2 : Ts is the temperature of panel's surface.

Note 3 : In the standard condition, there shall be no practical problem that man affect the display function.

9. General Precautions

9-1 Safety

Liquid crystal is poisonous. Do not put it your mouth. If liquid crystal touches your skin or clothes, wash it off immediately by using soap and water.

9-2 Handling

1. The LCD panel is plate glass. Do not subject the panel to mechanical shock or to excessive force on its surface.
2. The polarizer attached to the display is easily damaged. Please handle it carefully to avoid scratch or other damages.
3. To avoid contamination on the display surface, do not touch the module surface with bare hands.
4. Keep a space so that the LCD panels do not touch other components.
5. Put cover board such as acrylic board on the surface of LCD panel to protect panel from damages.
6. Transparent electrodes may be disconnected if you use the LCD panel under environmental conditions where the condensation of dew occurs.
7. Do not leave module in direct sunlight to avoid malfunction of the ICs.

9-3 Static Electricity

1. Be sure to ground module before turning on power or operation module.
2. Do not apply voltage which exceeds the absolute maximum rating value.

9-4 Storage

1. Store the module in a dark room where must keep at $+25\pm 10^{\circ}\text{C}$ and 65%RH or less.
2. Do not store the module in surroundings containing organic solvent or corrosive gas.
3. Store the module in an anti-electrostatic container or bag.

9-5 Cleaning

1. Do not wipe the polarizer with dry cloth. It might cause scratch.
2. Only use a soft cloth with IPA to wipe the polarizer, other chemicals might permanent damage to the polarizer.

10. OUTLINE DIMENSION

